

Case study: Wave-equation based inversion with joint sparsity promotion

Xiang Li, Rajiv Kumar, Lina Miao & Felix J. Herrmann

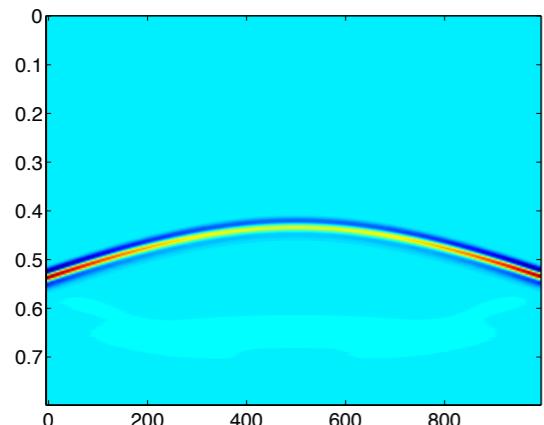
Background

Seismic imaging and inversion assumes

- ▶ *linear relationship between wavefield perturbation and medium perturbations (born approximation)*
- ▶ *for acoustic wavefields medium perturbations are caused by changes in density and velocity*

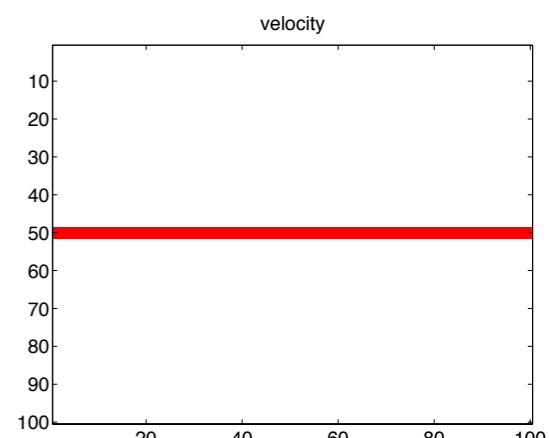
Linearized Born scattering

$$\delta D = \mathcal{J}_m \delta m$$



linear wavefield

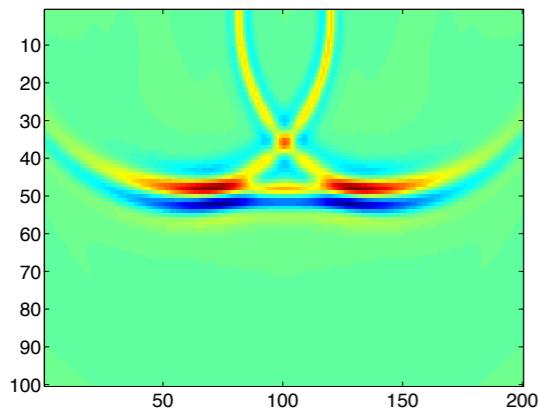
Jacobian operator
(born modeling operator)



Velocity perturbation

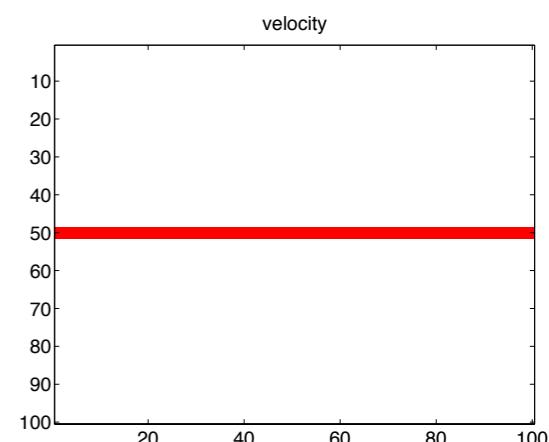
Adjoint imaging (RTM)

$$\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}}^T \delta \mathbf{D} = \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \delta \mathbf{m}$$



Jacobian transpose

Jacobian operator



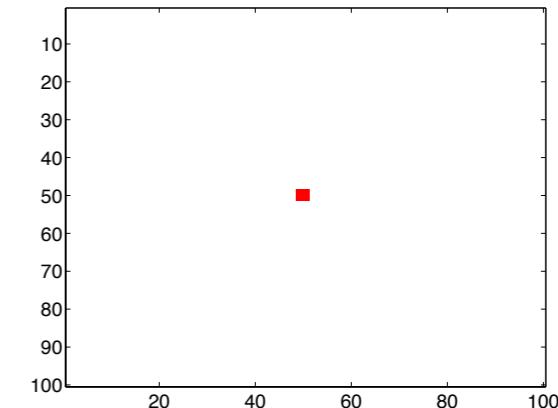
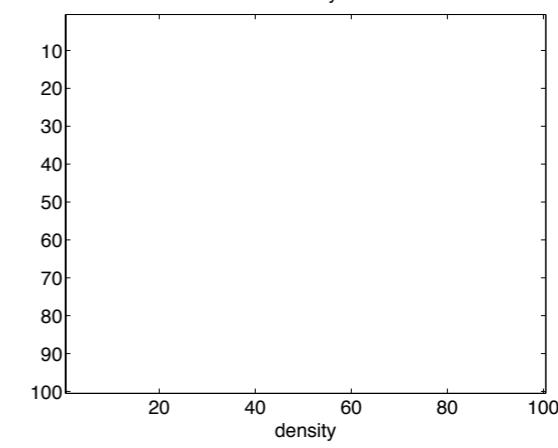
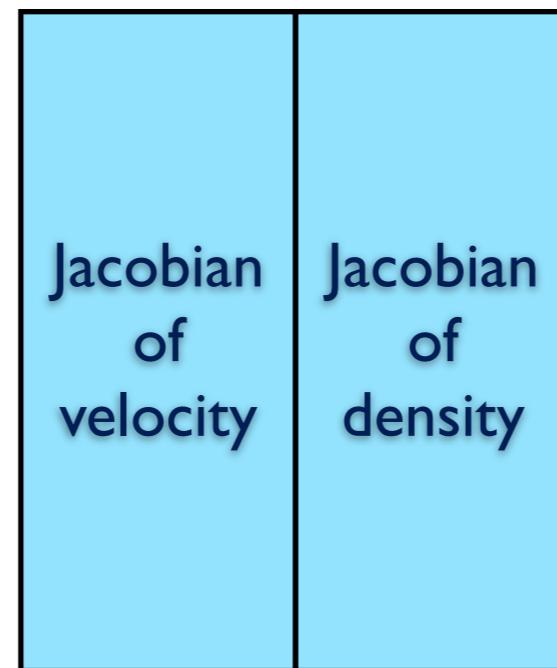
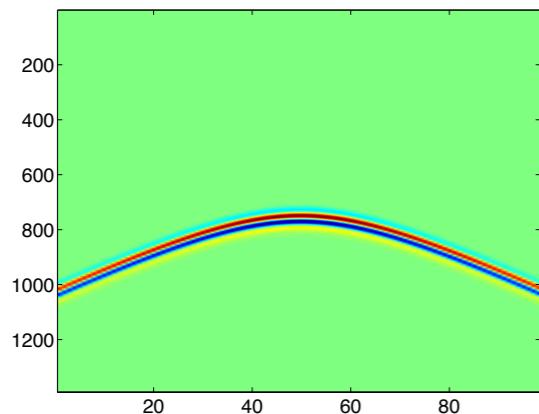
Approximated Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}}$$

Born modeling w/ density

$$\delta \mathbf{D} = [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \mathcal{J}_\rho]$$

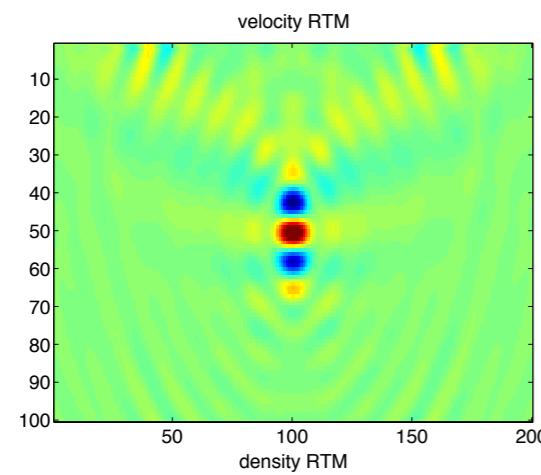
$$\begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix}$$



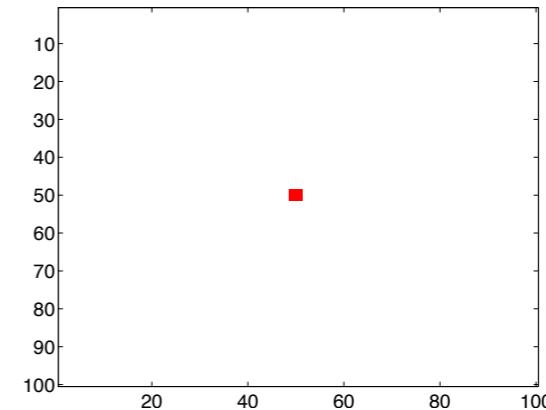
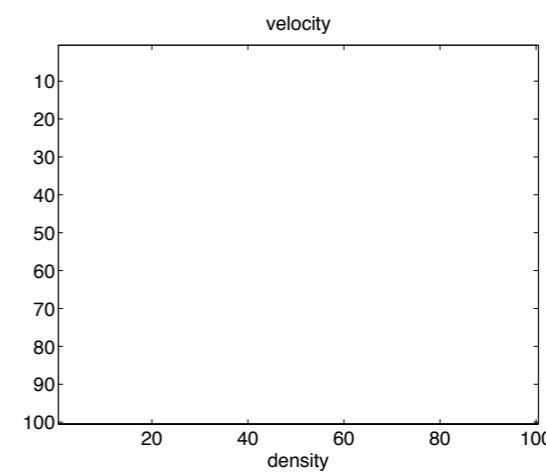
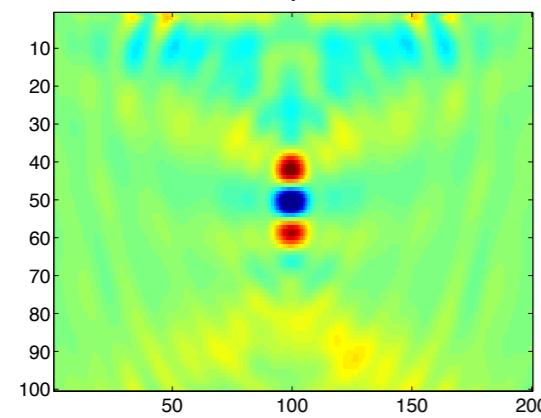
Adjoint imaging w/ density

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \mathcal{J}_\rho^T \end{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{D} = \mathcal{H}$$

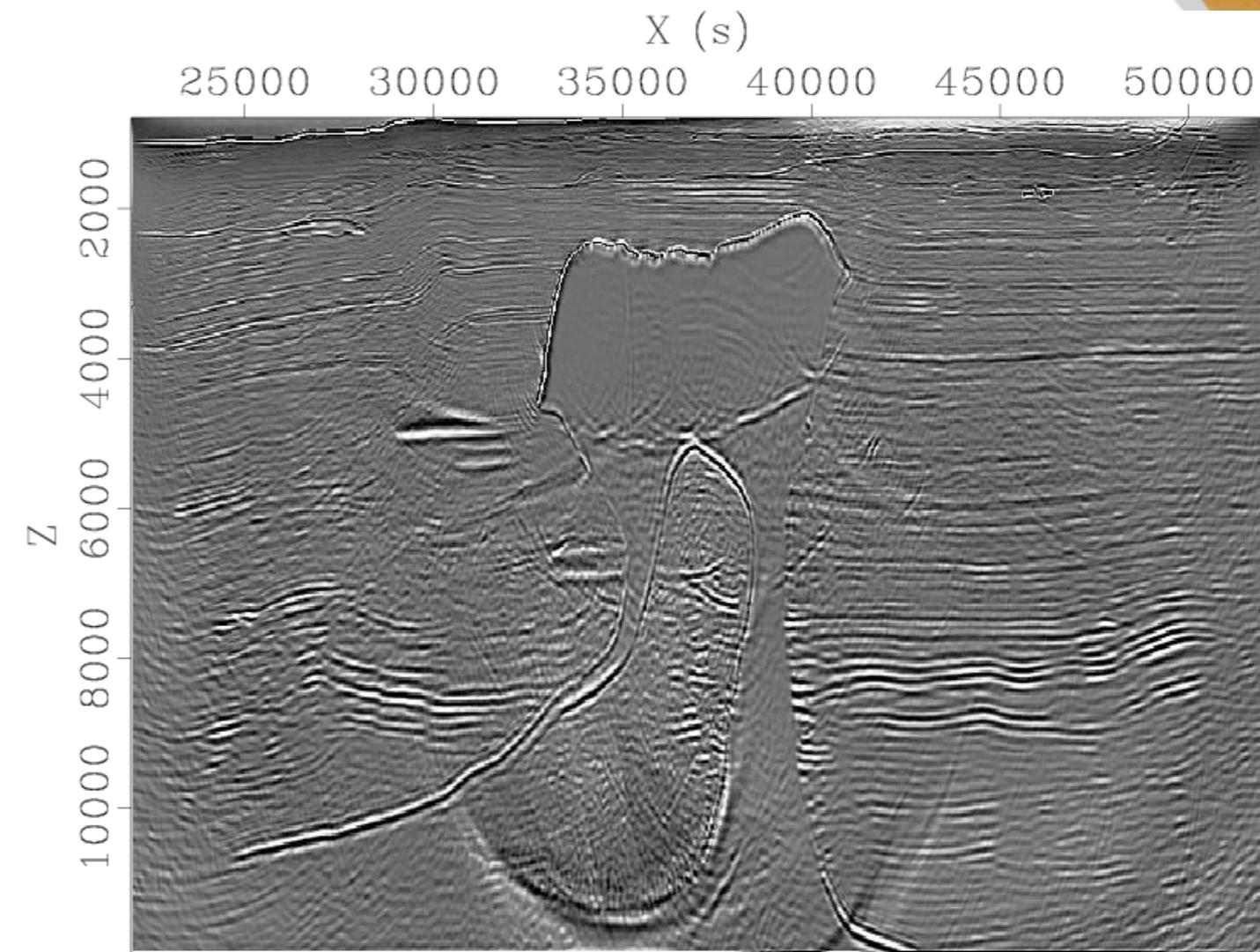
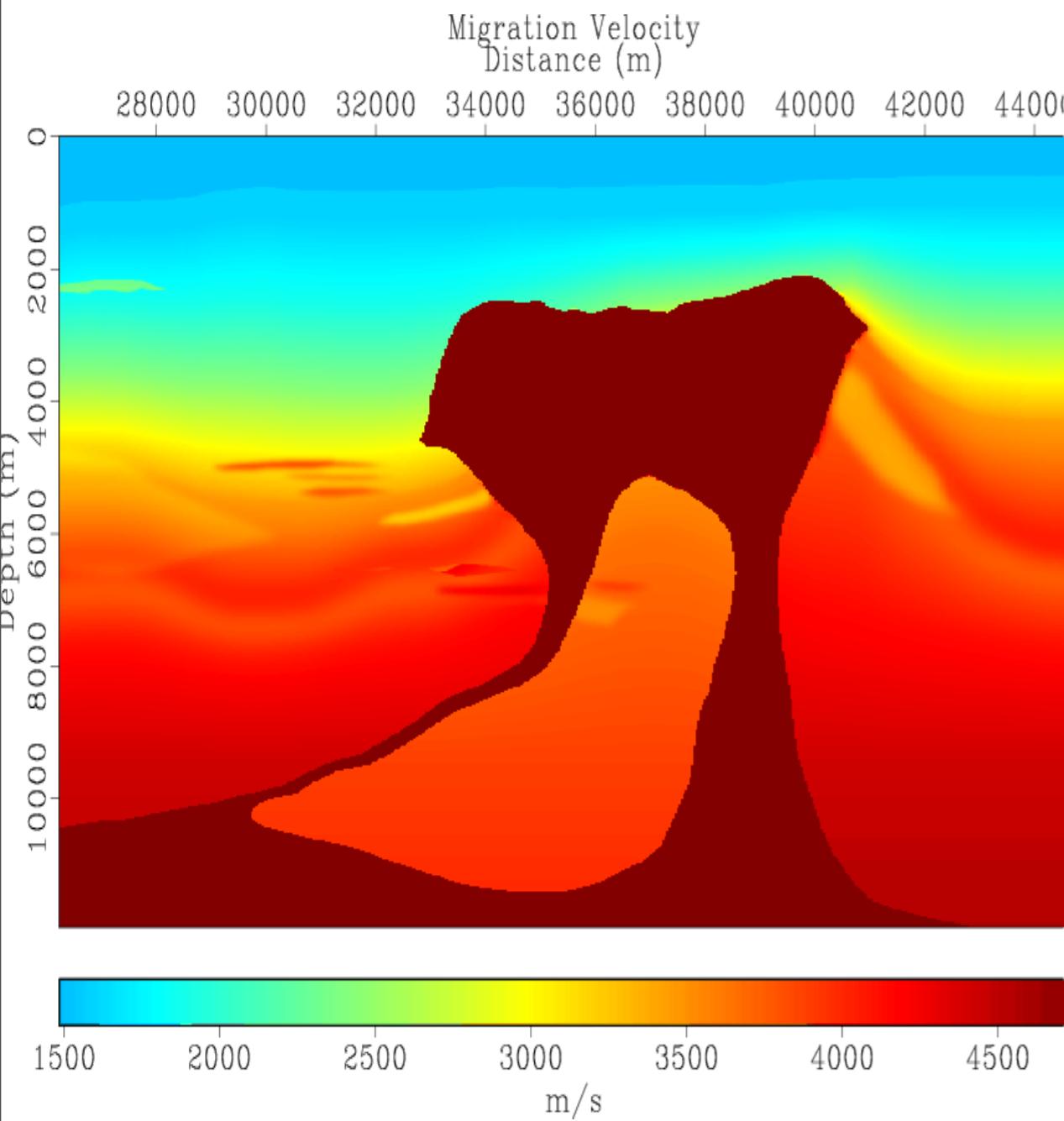
$$\begin{bmatrix} \delta m \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix}$$



Hessian



Motivation



http://www.reproducibility.org/RSF/book/jsg/ffd/paper_html/paper.html

‘Fourier finite-difference wave propagation’, Xiaolei Song and Sergey Fomel

Motivation

To invert density & velocity *simultaneously*, we should aware that

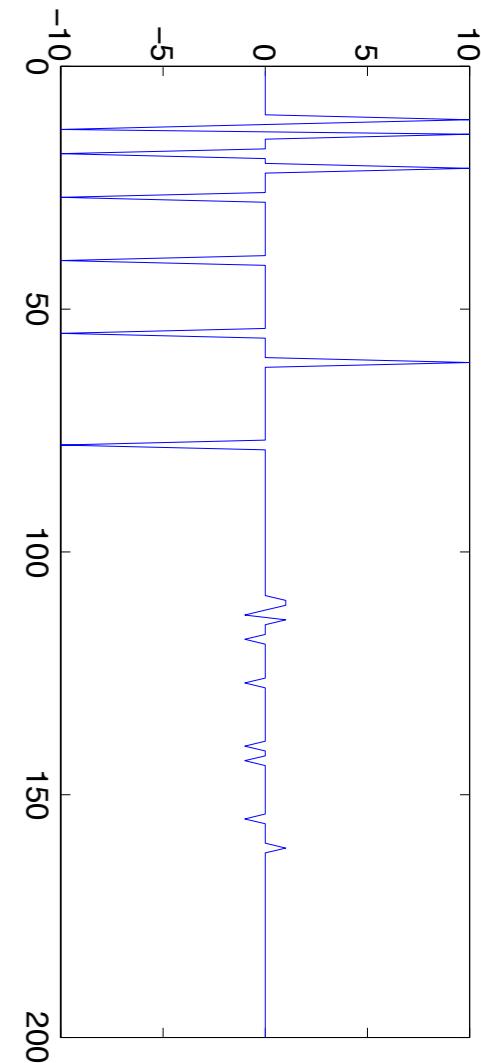
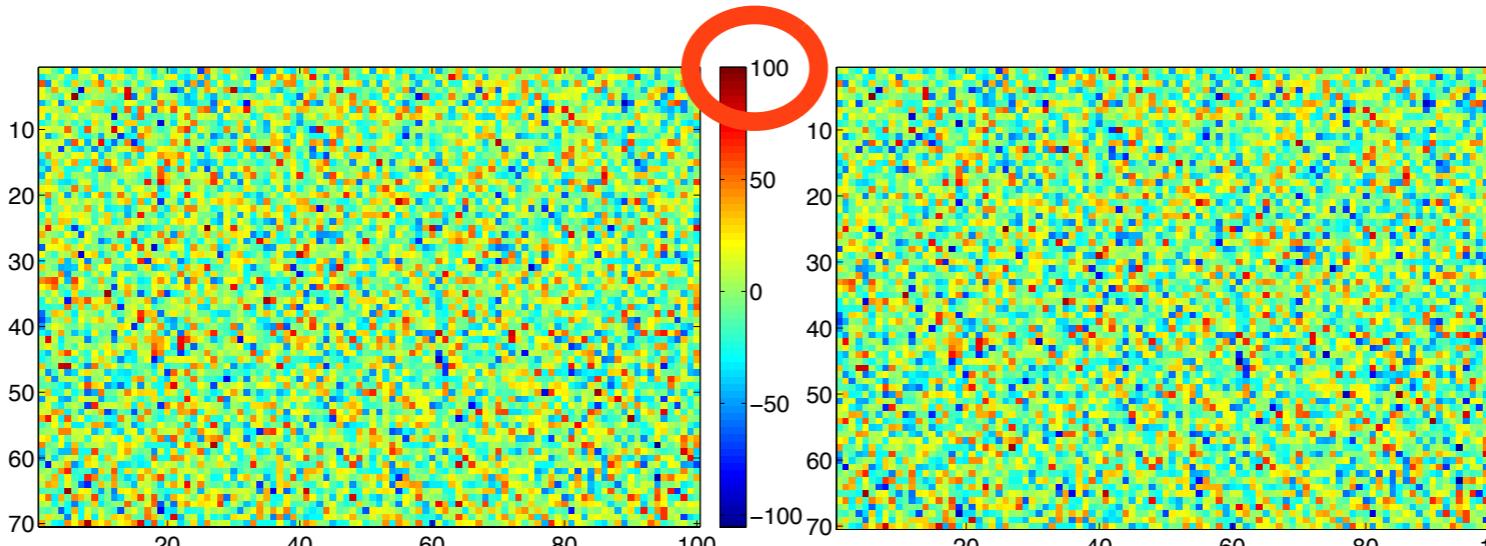
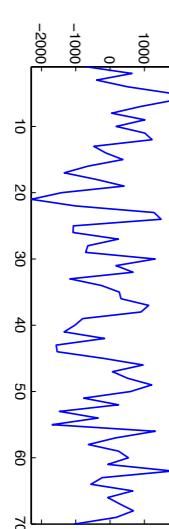
- ▶ *density also contributes to the wavefield*
- ▶ conventional imaging methods will cause *leakage* between *velocity* and *density*
- ▶ In geological settings, *locations of unconformities* in *velocity* & *density* often, but not always, overlap
 - exploit this property by *joint sparsity promotion*

Stylized numerical example

$$\delta \mathbf{D} =$$

$$[\mathcal{J}_m \quad \mathcal{J}_\rho]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \delta m \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix}$$



\mathcal{J}_m and \mathcal{J}_ρ are coherent

Conventional method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Conventional method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \mathcal{J}_{\rho}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

Conventional method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

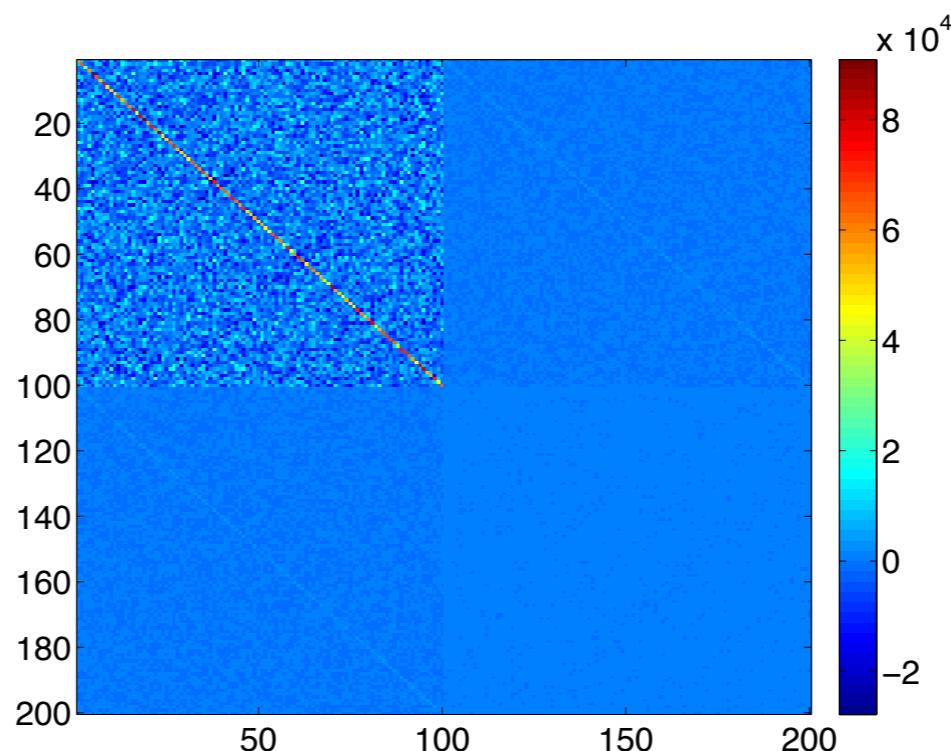
$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \mathcal{J}_\rho^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \mathcal{J}_\rho] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_m & \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_\rho \\ \mathcal{J}_\rho^T \mathcal{J}_m & \mathcal{J}_\rho^T \mathcal{J}_\rho \end{bmatrix}$$

Conventional method

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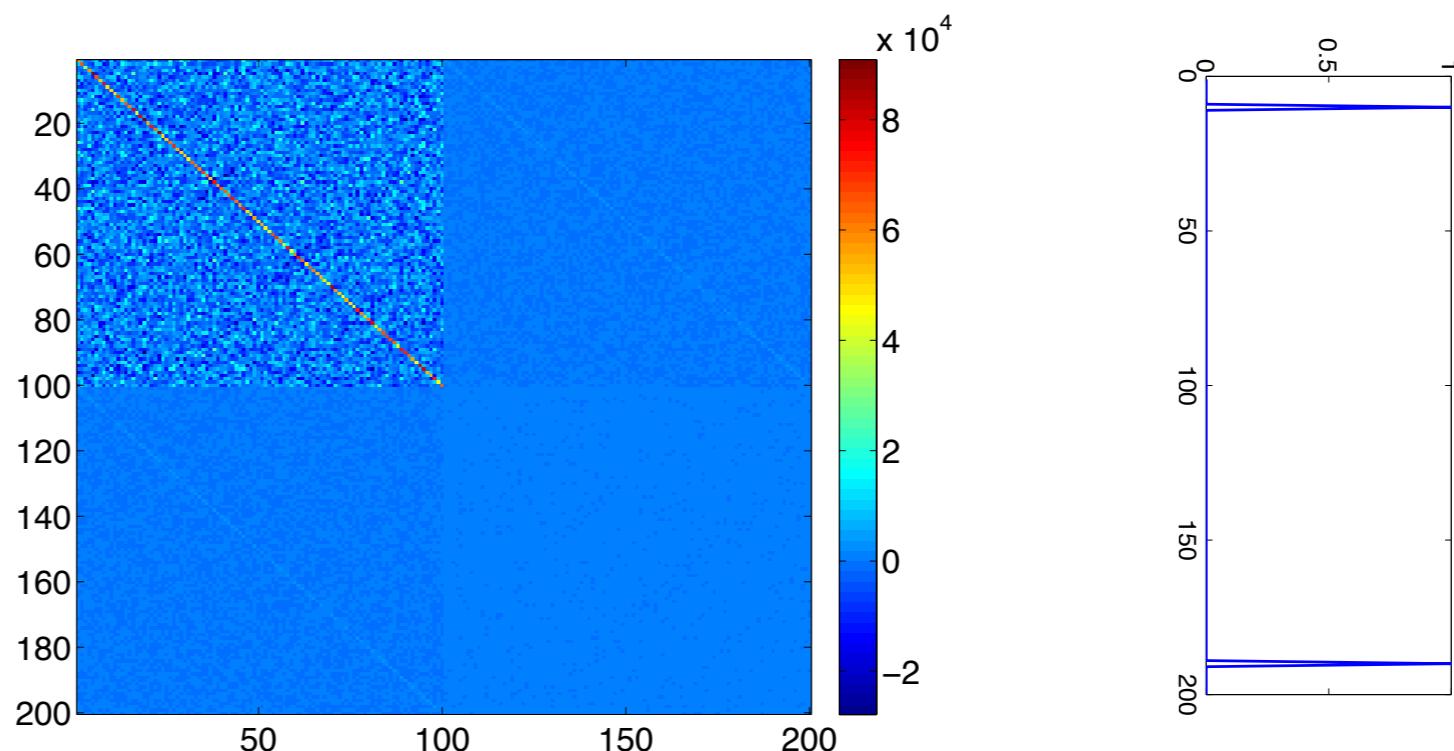


Conventional method

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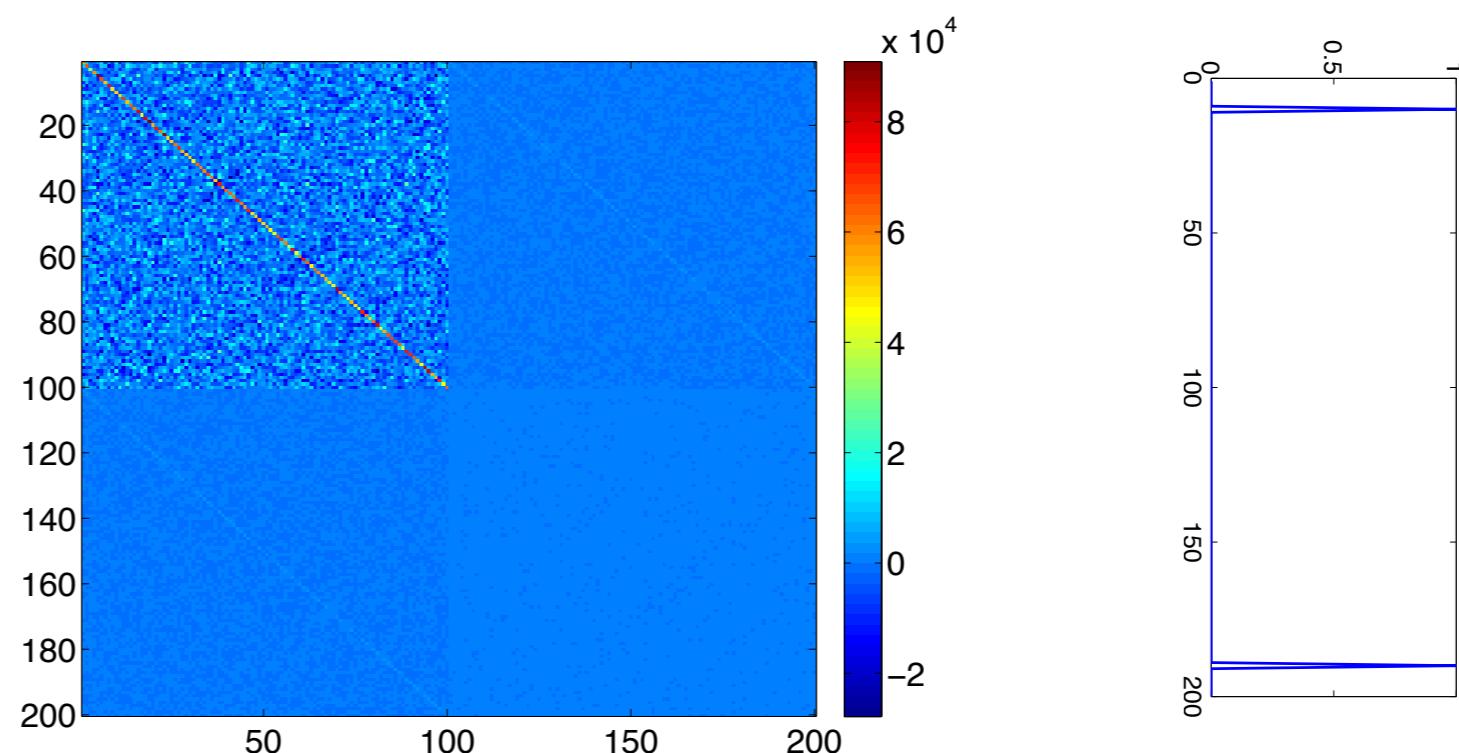
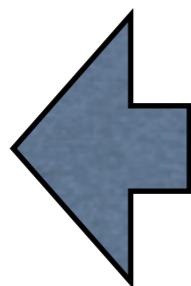


Conventional method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \delta \rho \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

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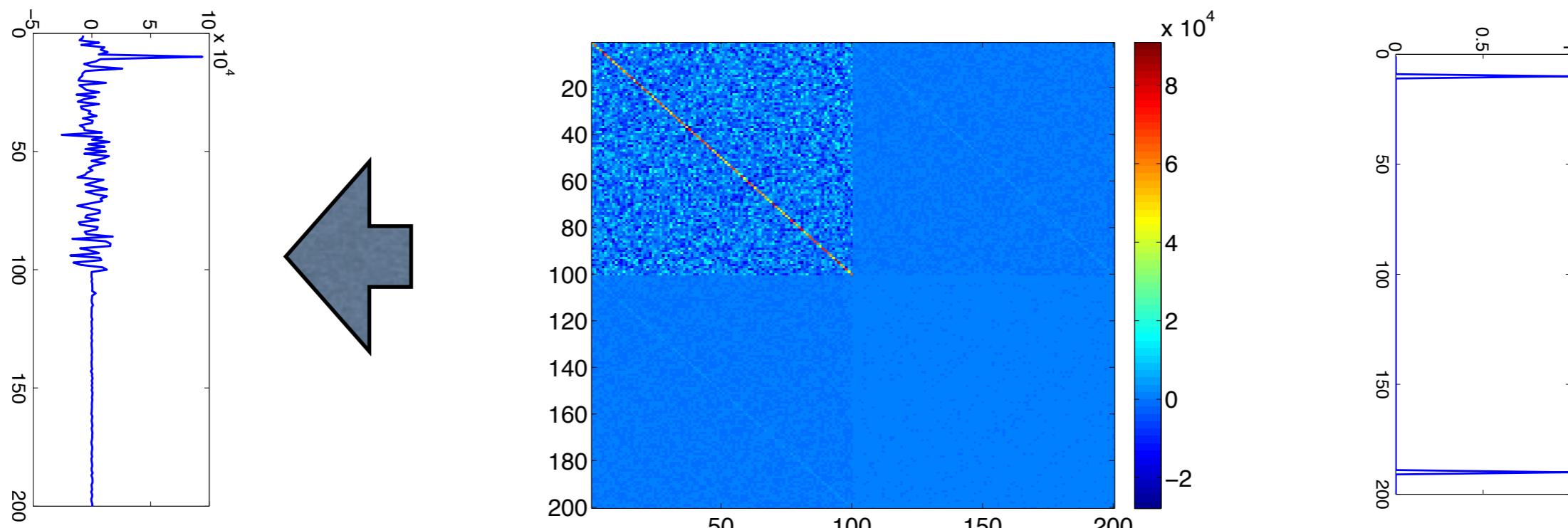


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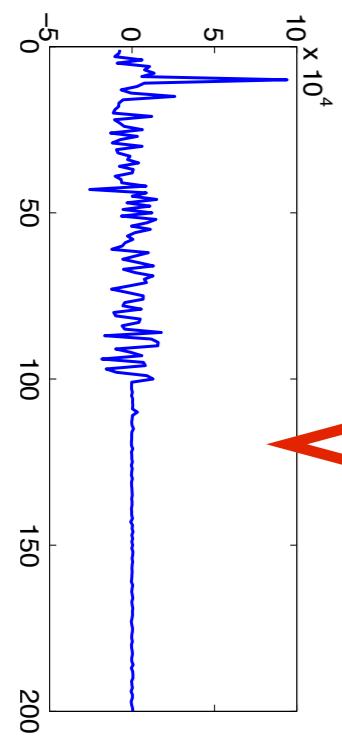
Conventional method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 \\ \delta_2 \end{bmatrix} \right\|$$

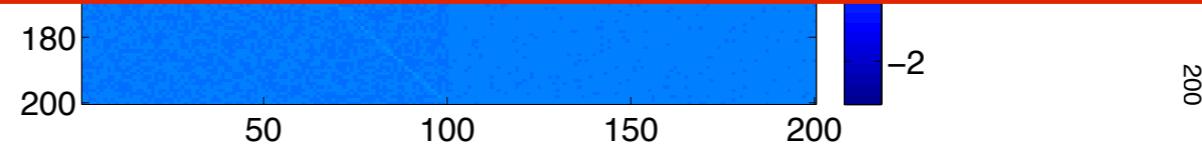
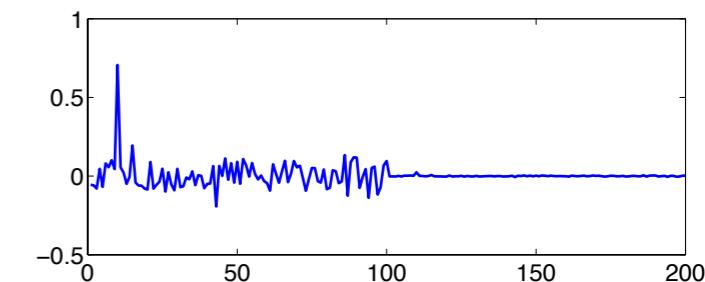
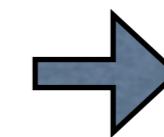
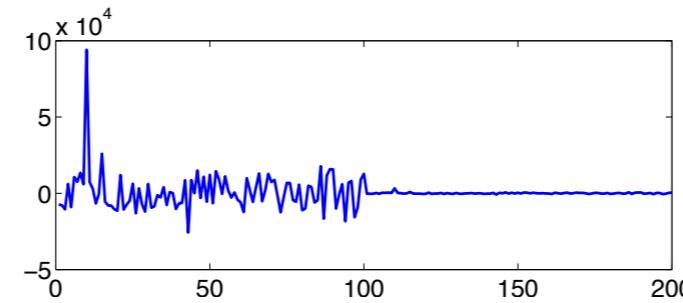
$$p = 2$$

Hessian:

\mathcal{H}



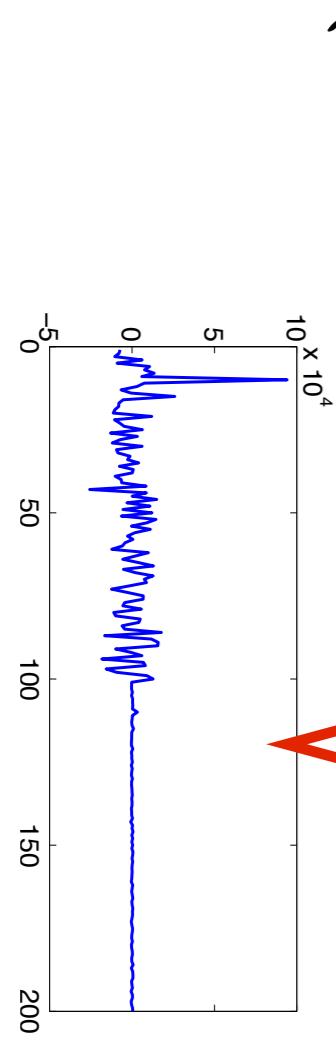
Regularization methods



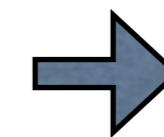
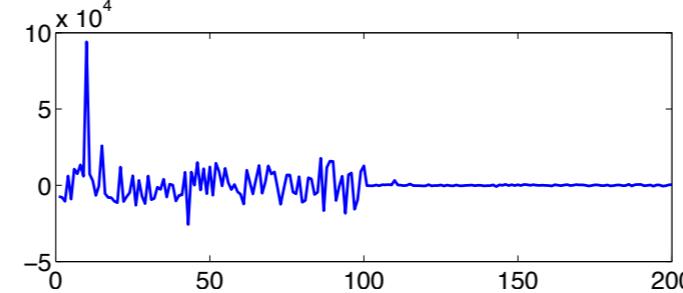
Conventional method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 \\ \delta_2 \end{bmatrix} \right\|$$

Hessian:



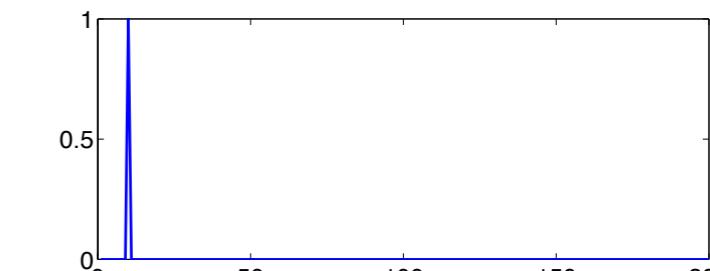
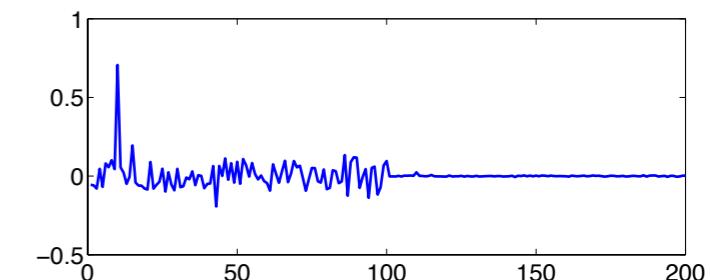
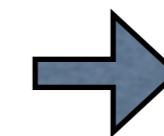
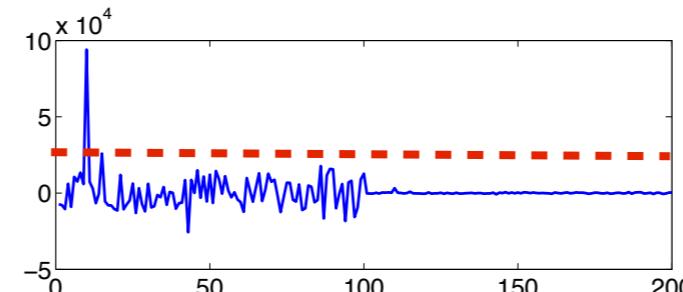
$$p = 2$$



Regularization methods

$$p = 1$$

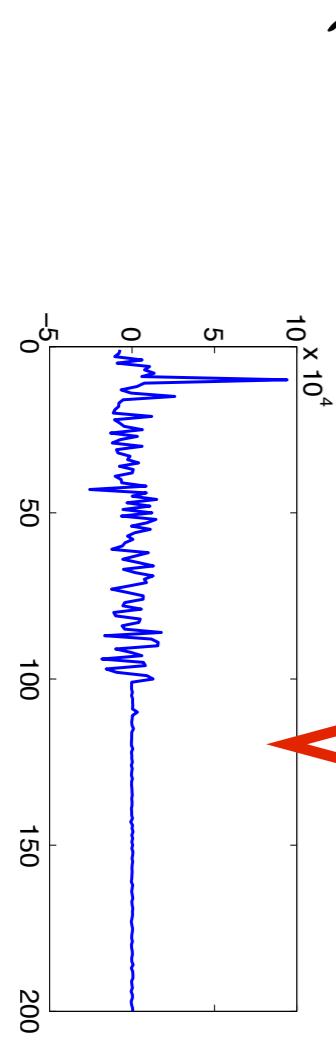
Sparsity



Conventional method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 \\ \delta_2 \end{bmatrix} \right\|$$

Hessian:



$$H$$

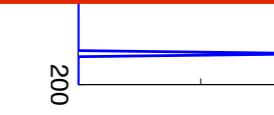
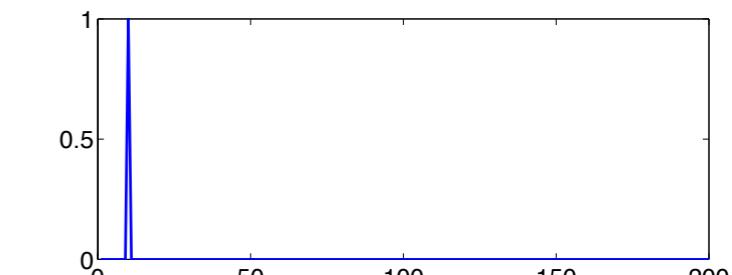
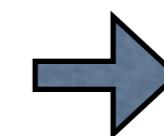
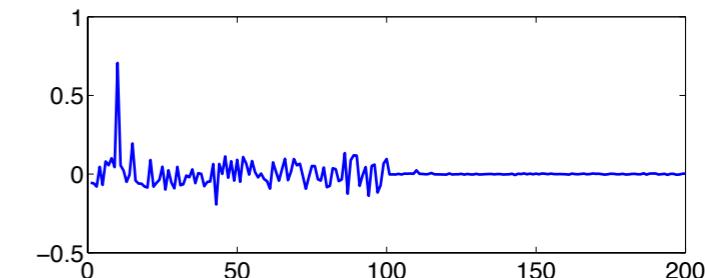
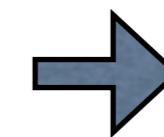
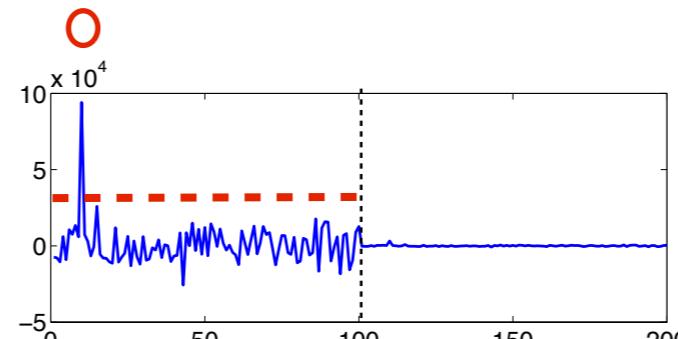
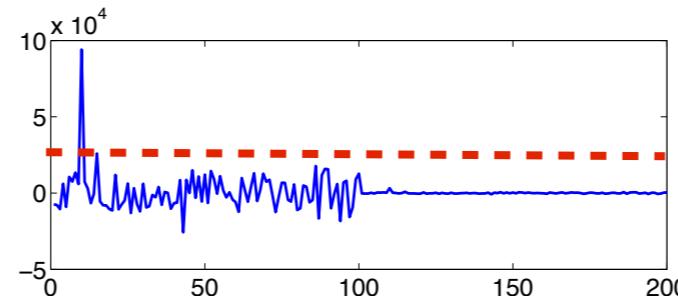
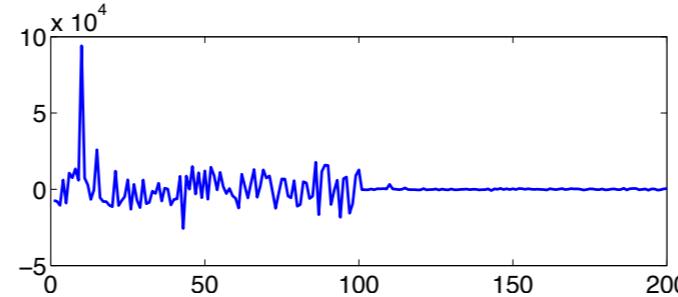
$p = 2$

Sparsity

$$p = 1, 2$$

Joint-sparsity

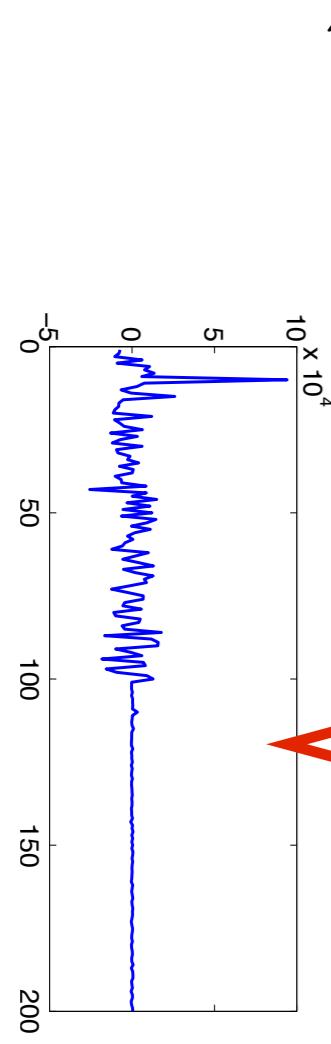
Regularization methods



Conventional method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 \\ \delta_2 \end{bmatrix} \right\|$$

Hessian:



$$H$$

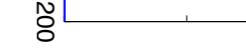
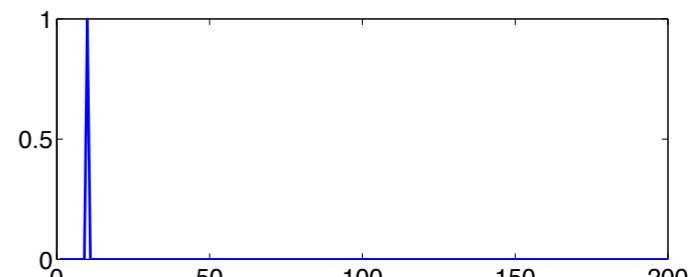
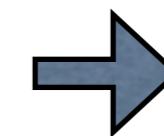
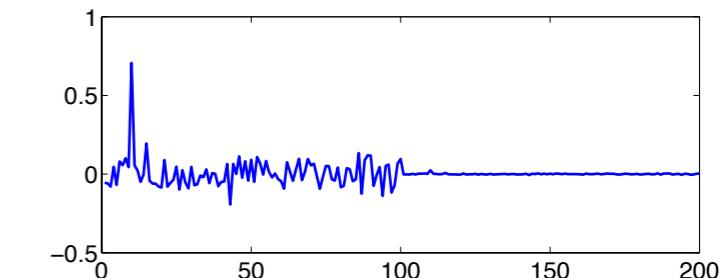
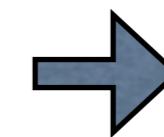
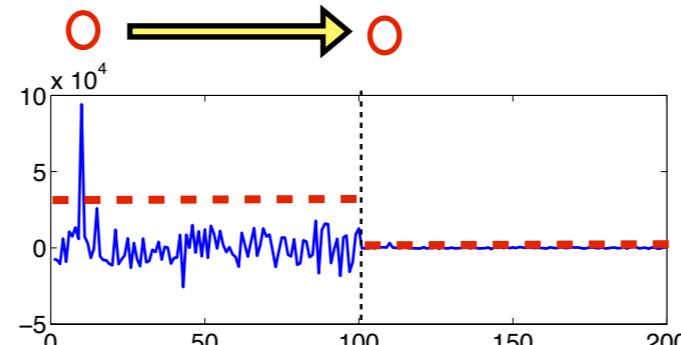
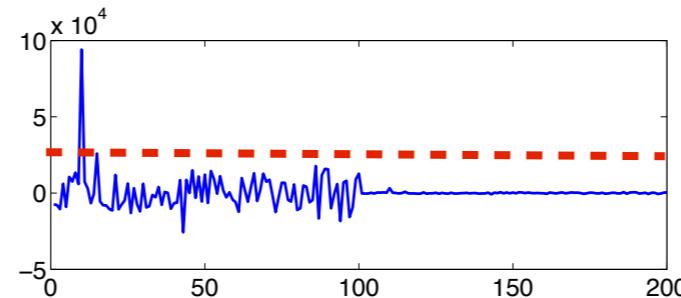
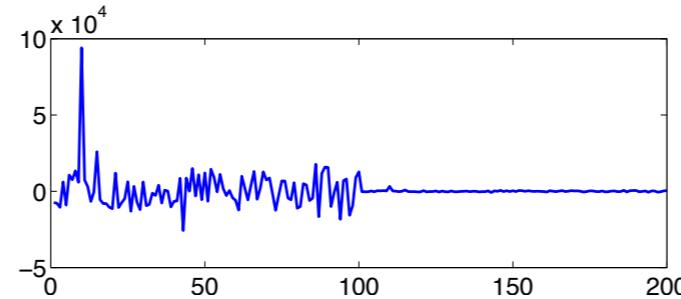
$p = 2$

Sparsity

$$p = 1, 2$$

Joint-sparsity

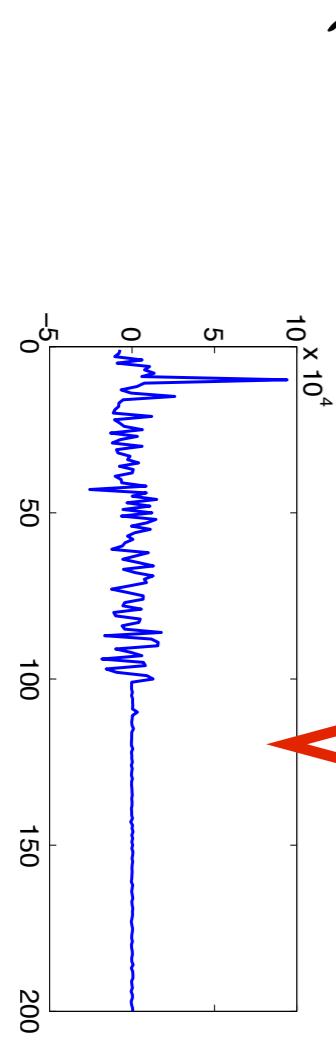
Regularization methods



Conventional method

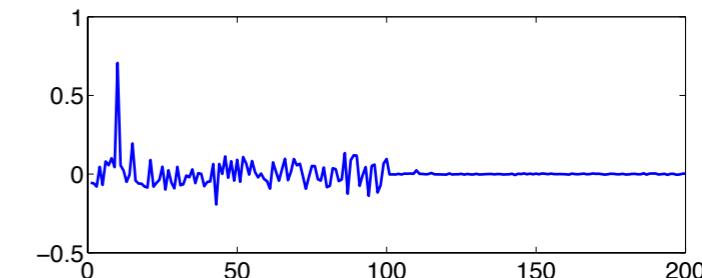
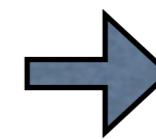
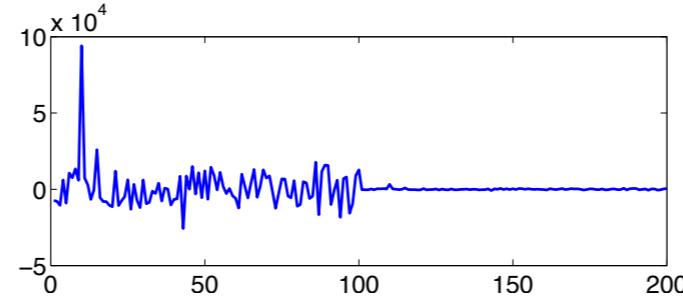
$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 \\ \delta_2 \end{bmatrix} \right\|$$

Hessian:



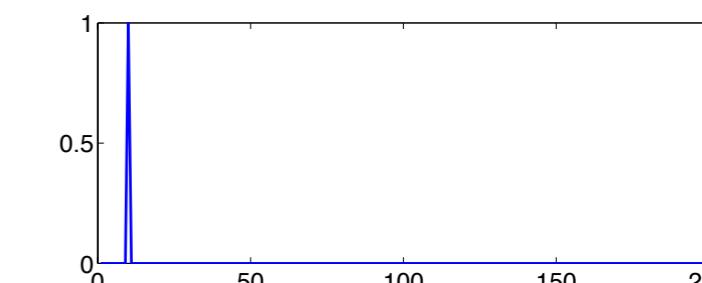
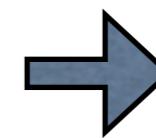
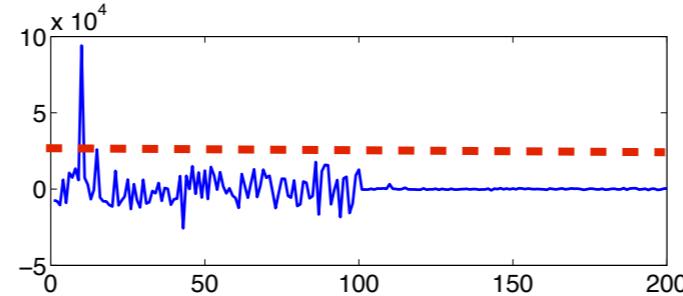
$$p = 2$$

Regularization methods



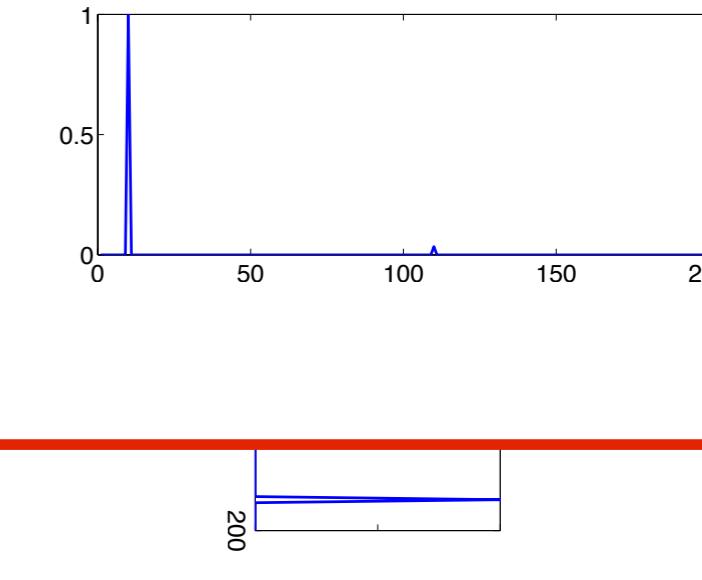
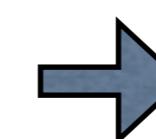
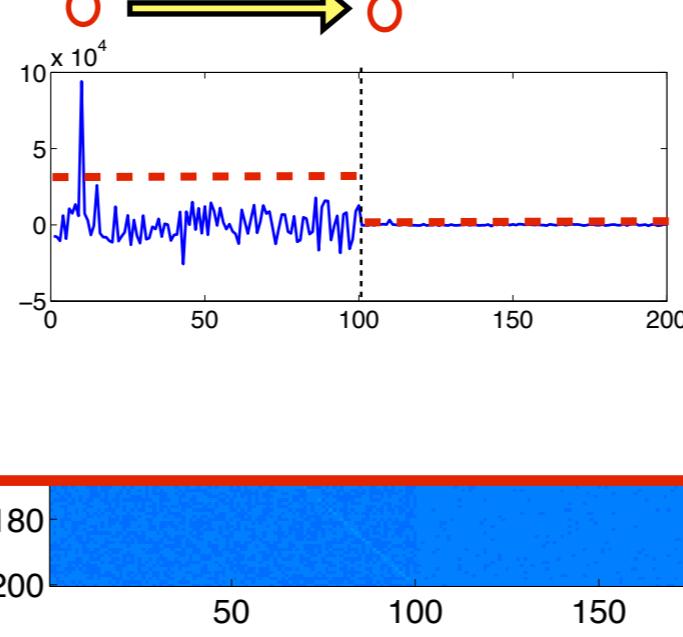
$$p = 1$$

Sparsity



$$p = 1, 2$$

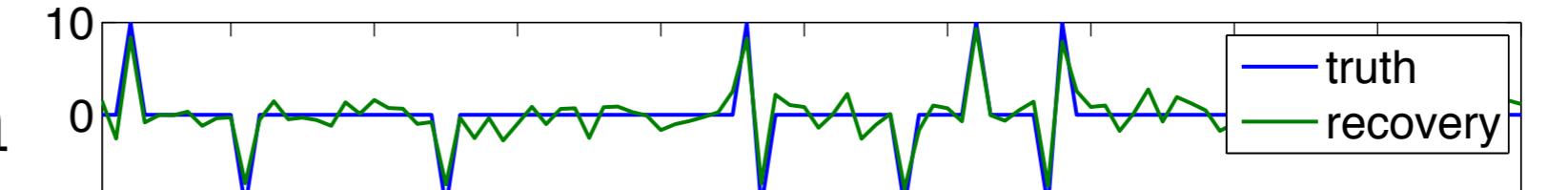
Joint-sparsity



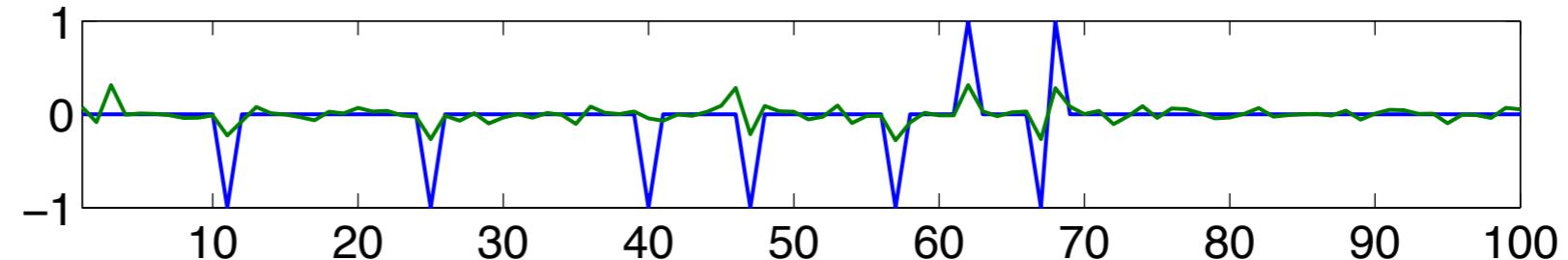
Conventional method

$p = 2$

δm

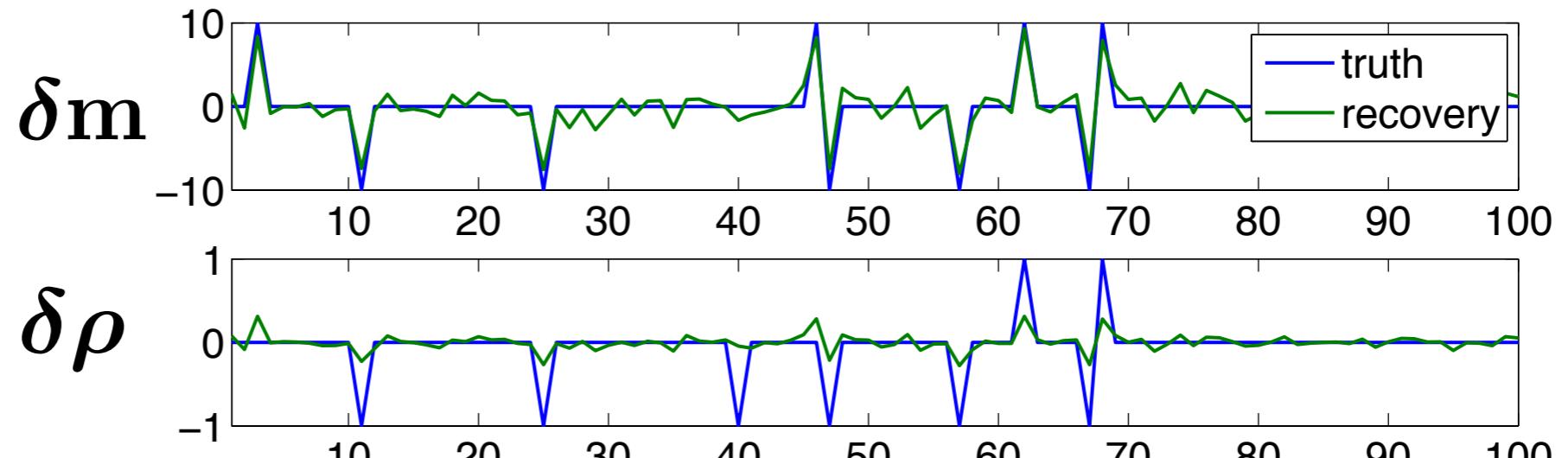


$\delta \rho$

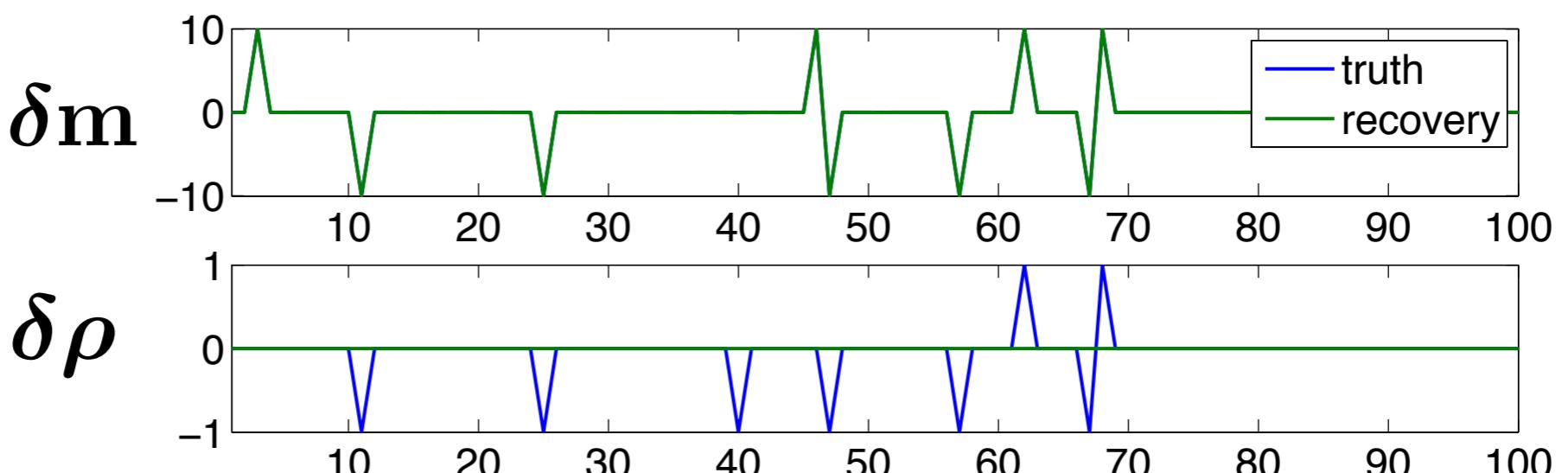


Conventional method

$p = 2$

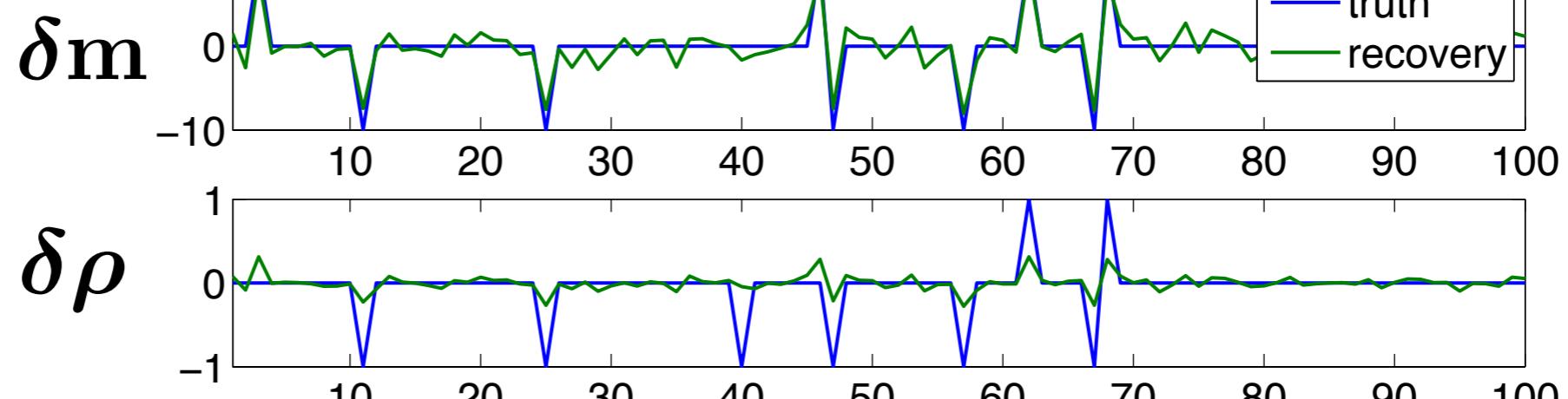


$p = 1$

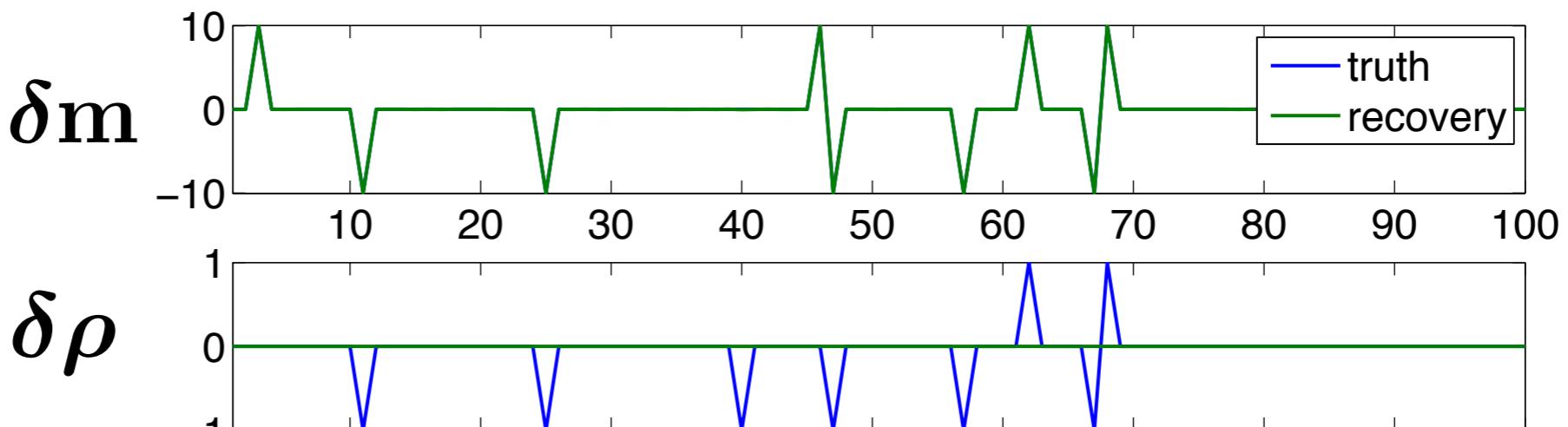


Conventional method

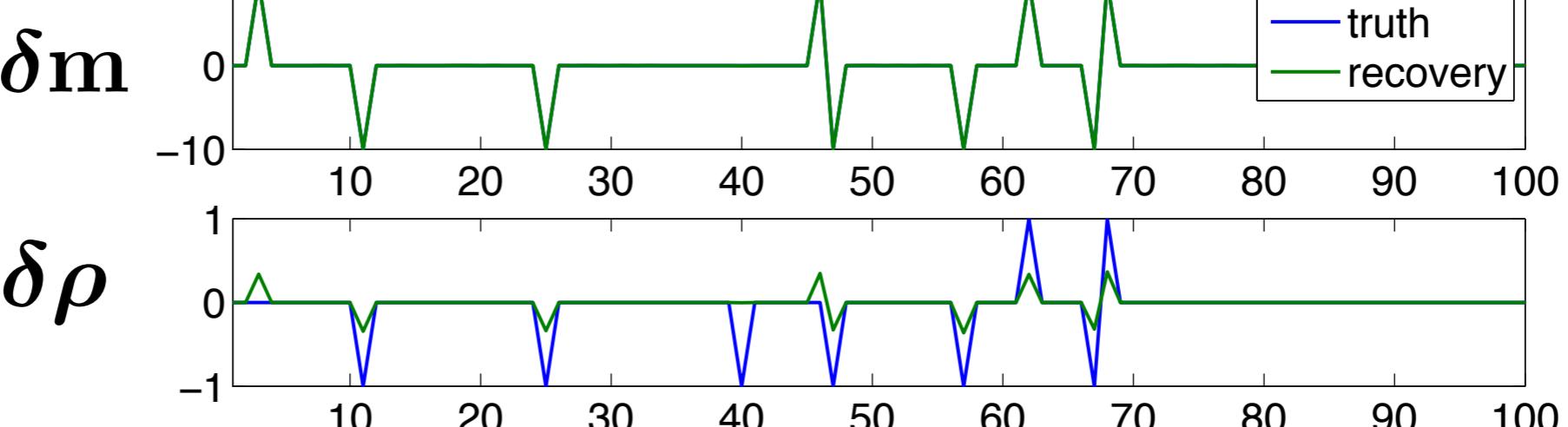
$p = 2$



$p = 1$



$p = 1, 2$



Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

\mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Scaled Hessian:

\mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_m \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Scaled Hessian: \mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

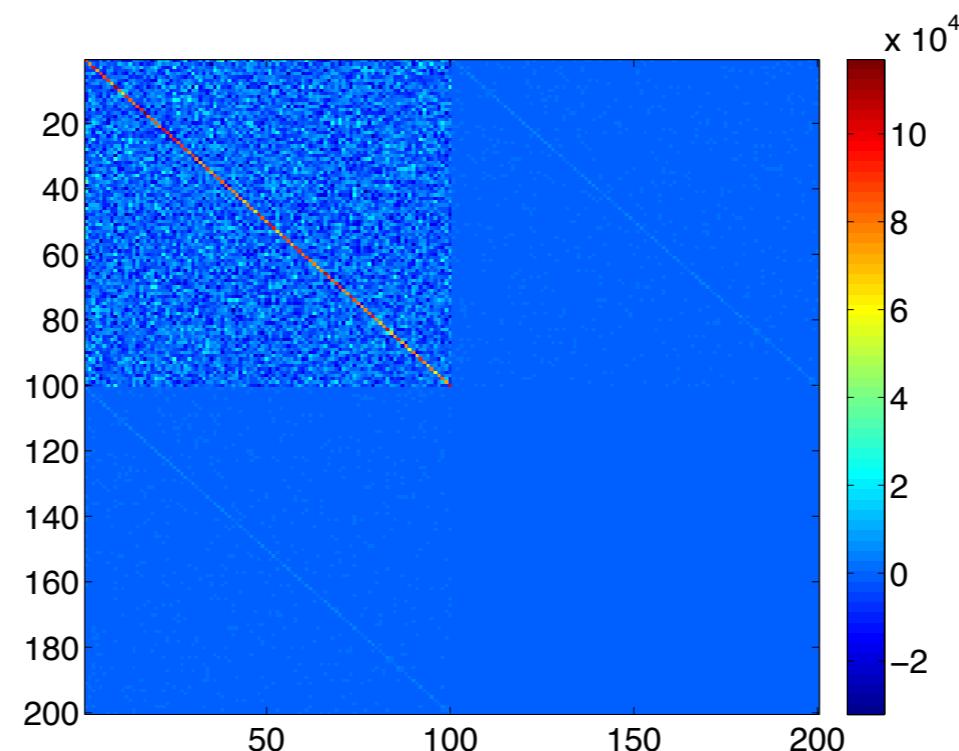
$$\mathcal{H}_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha^2 \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_m \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Scaled Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H}_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha^2 \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \end{bmatrix}$$

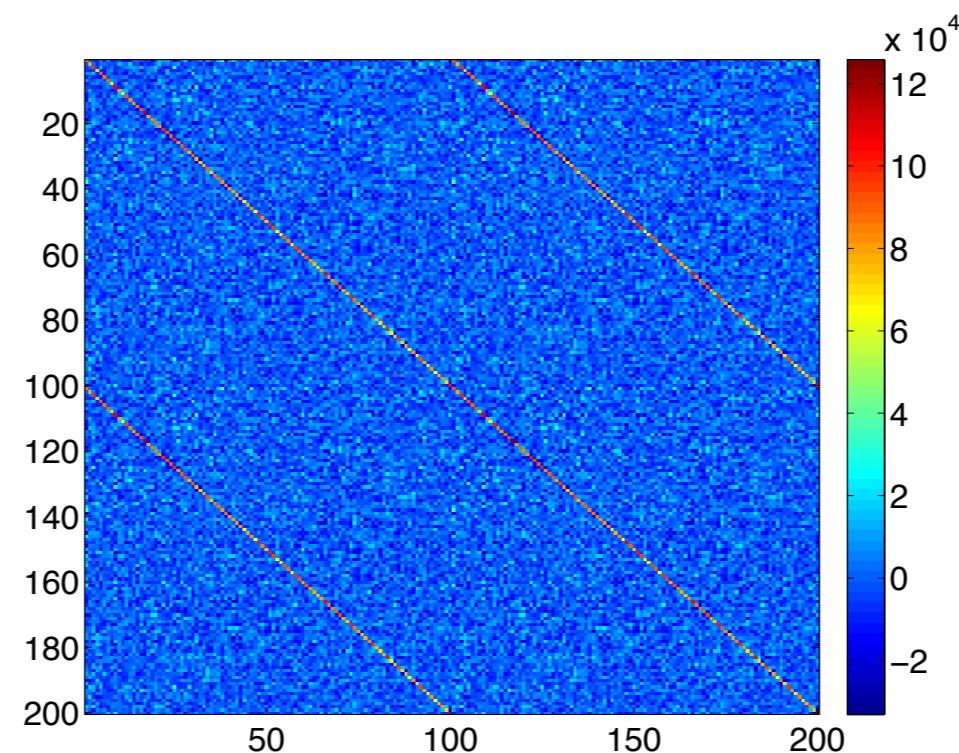


Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_m \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Scaled Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H}_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha^2 \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \end{bmatrix}$$

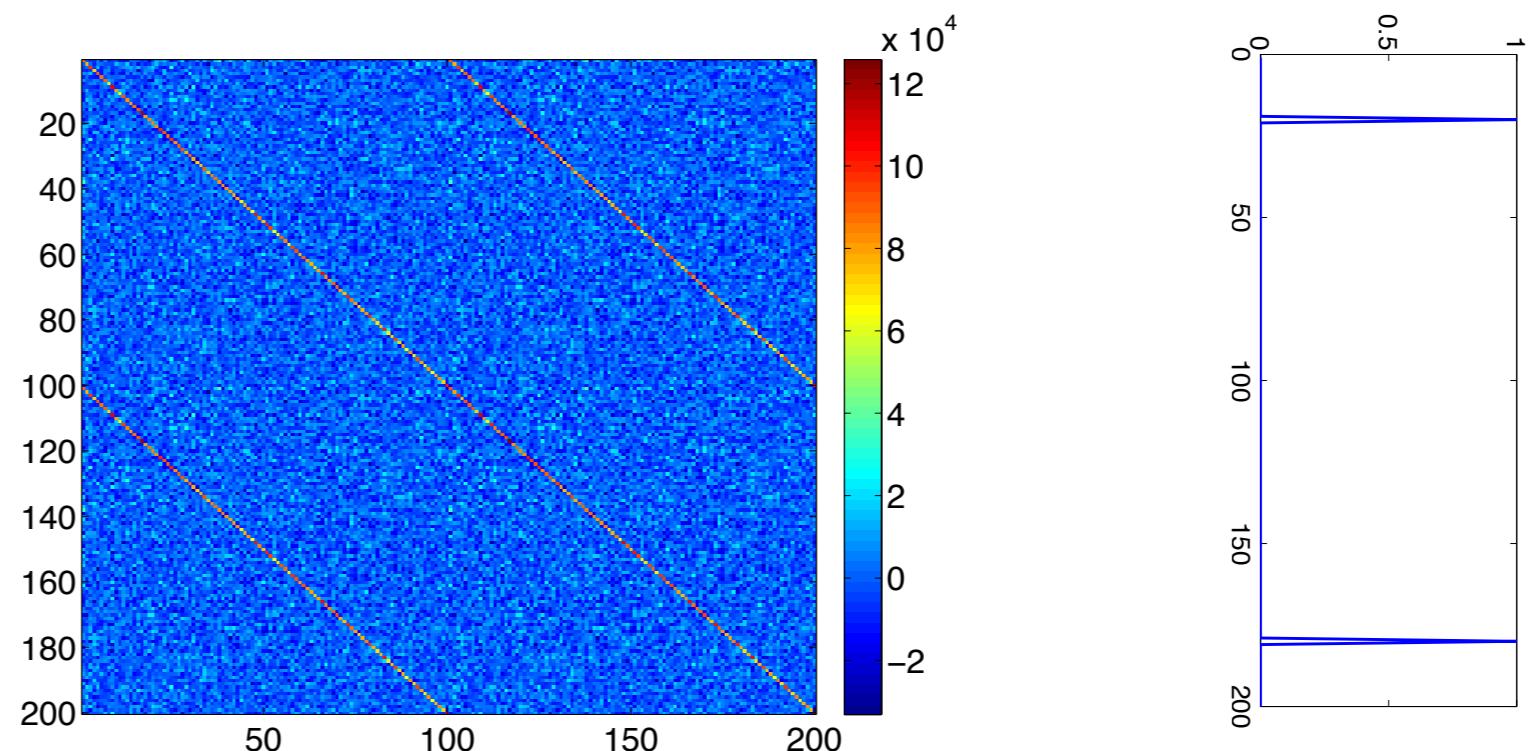


Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_m \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Scaled Hessian: \mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

$$\mathcal{H}_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha^2 \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \end{bmatrix}$$

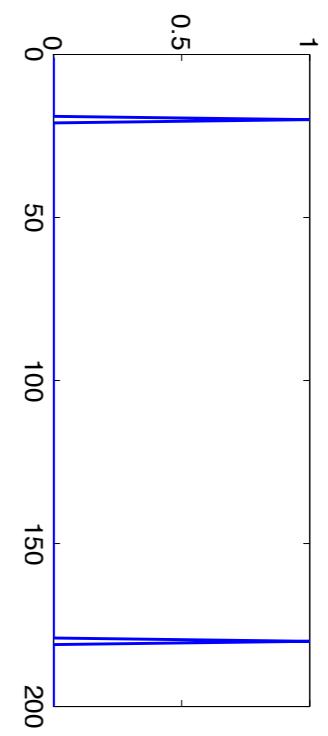
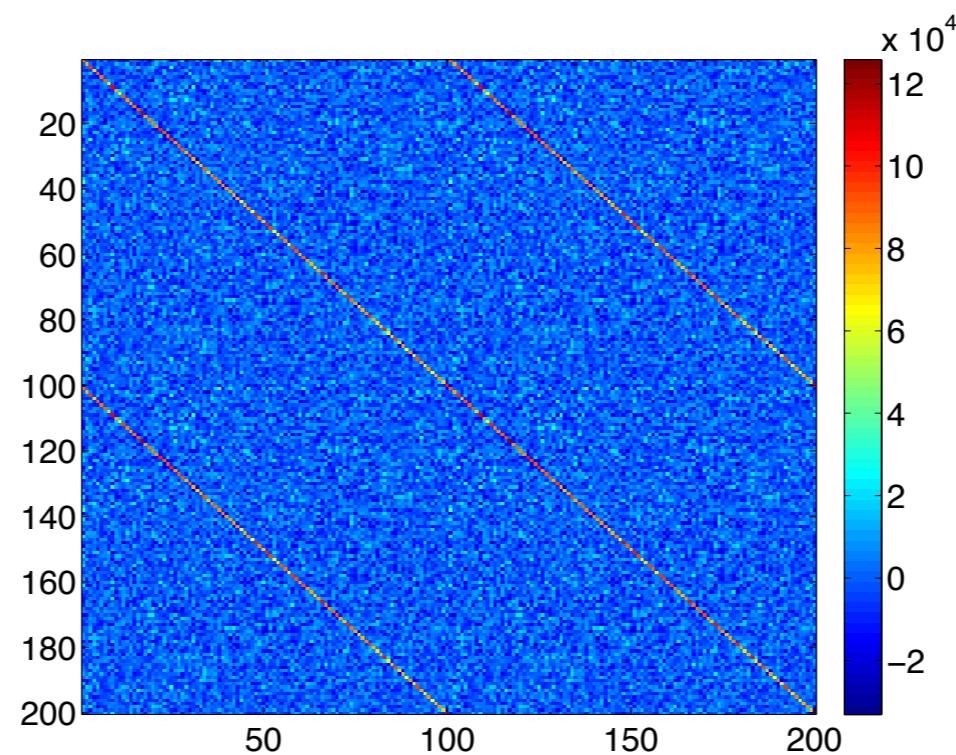
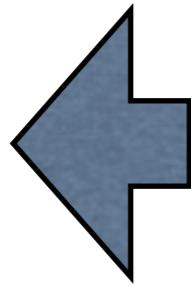


Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_m \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Scaled Hessian: \mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

$$\mathcal{H}_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha^2 \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \end{bmatrix}$$

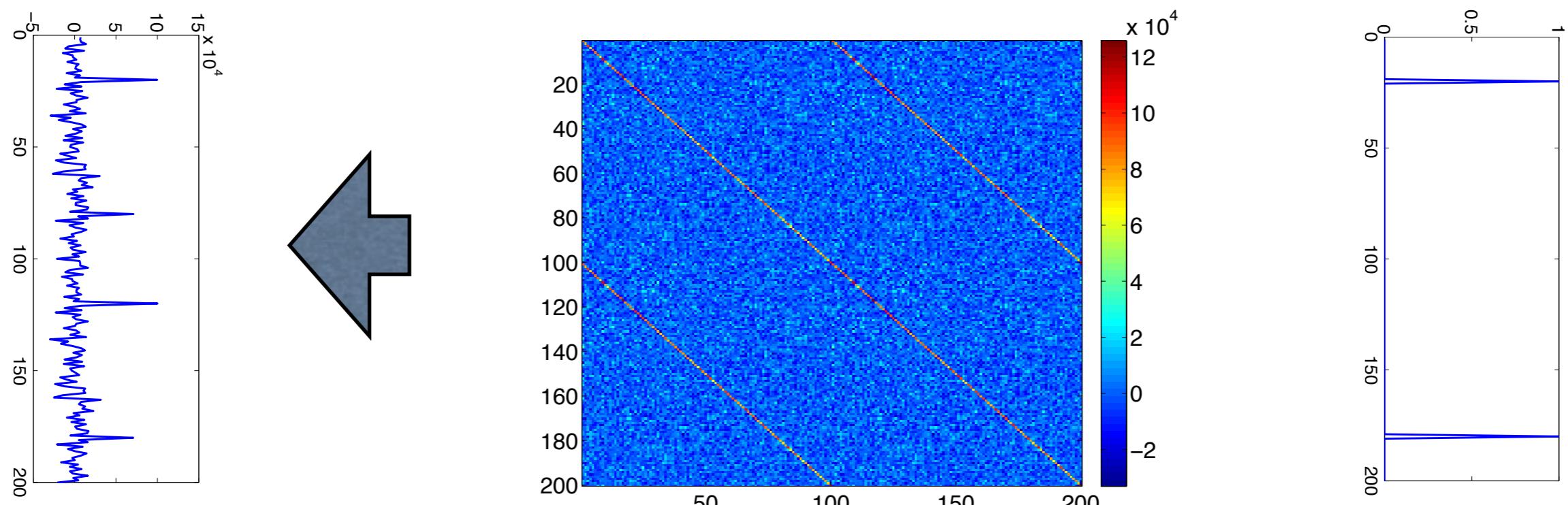


Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_m \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Scaled Hessian: \mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

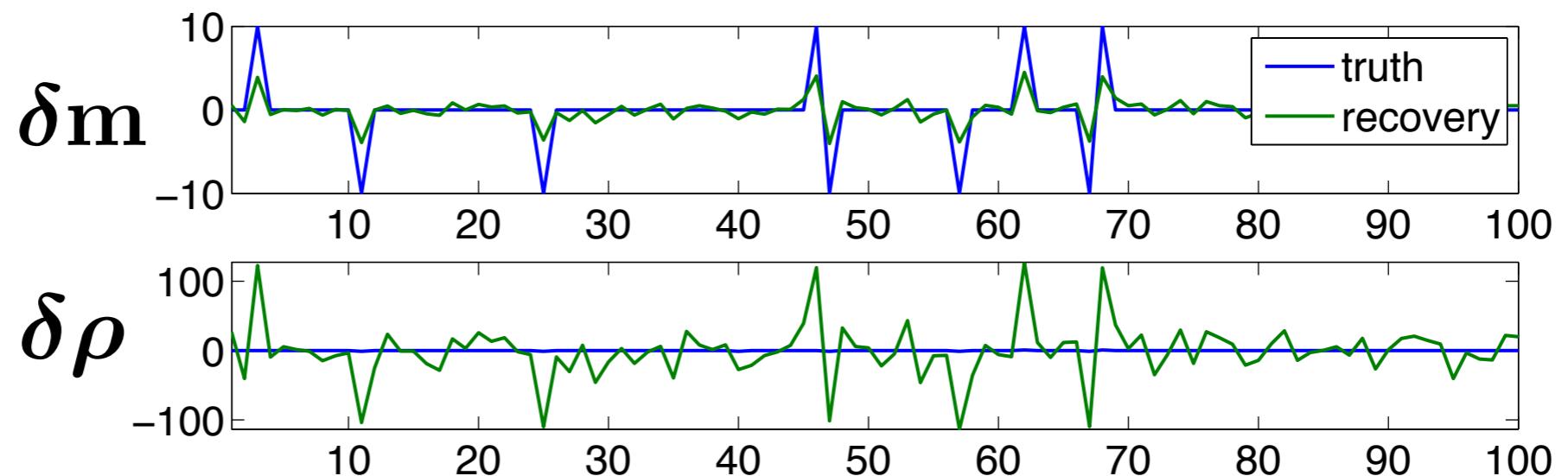
$$\mathcal{H}_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha^2 \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \end{bmatrix}$$



Scaled method

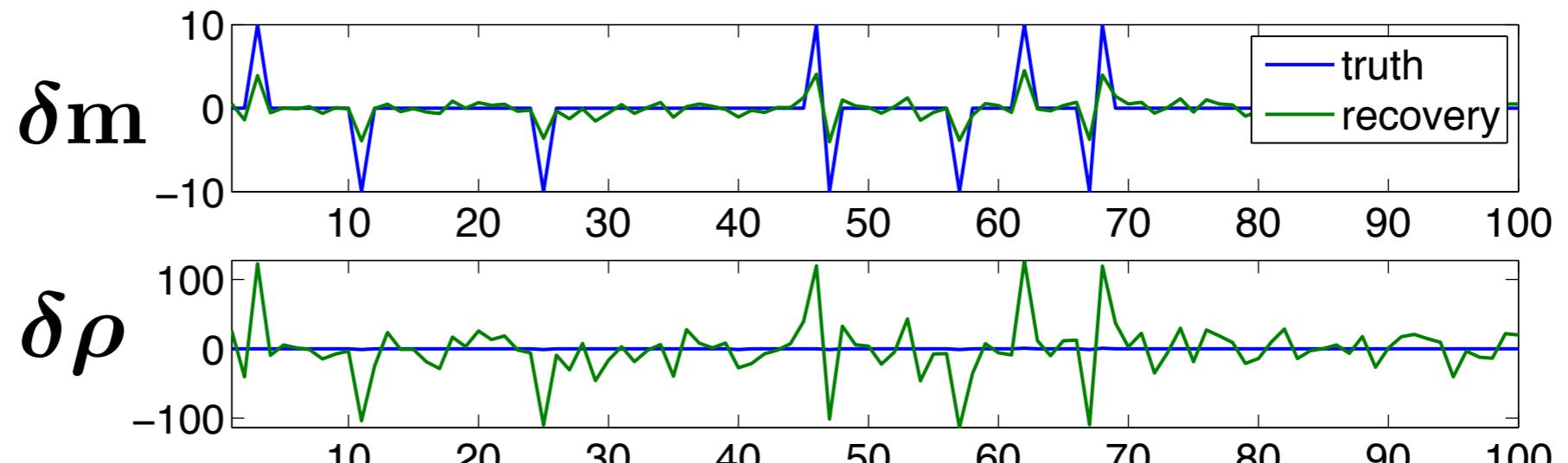
Scaled method

$p = 2$

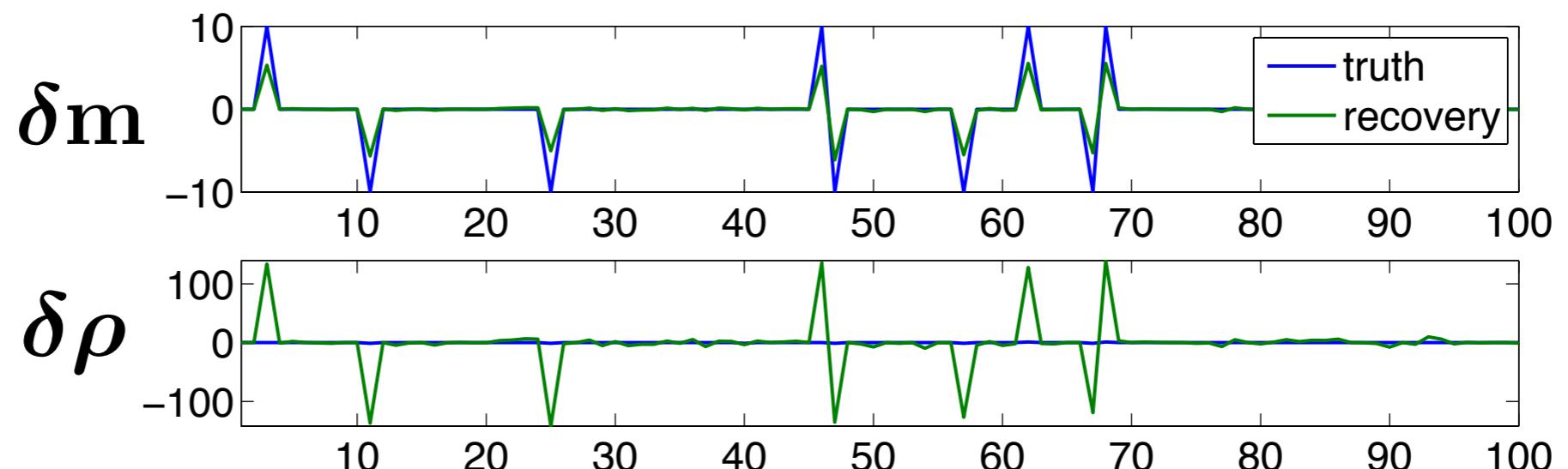


Scaled method

$p = 2$



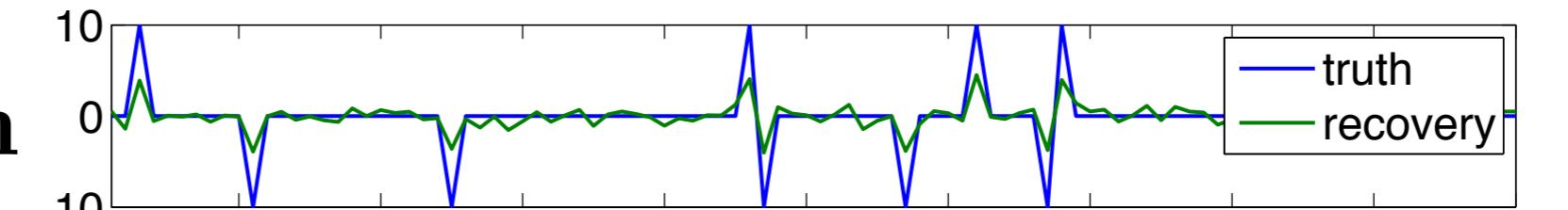
$p = 1$



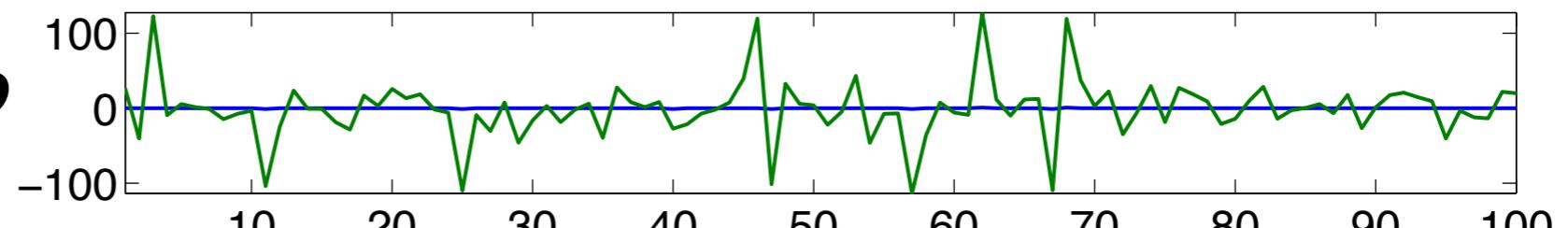
Scaled method

$p = 2$

δm

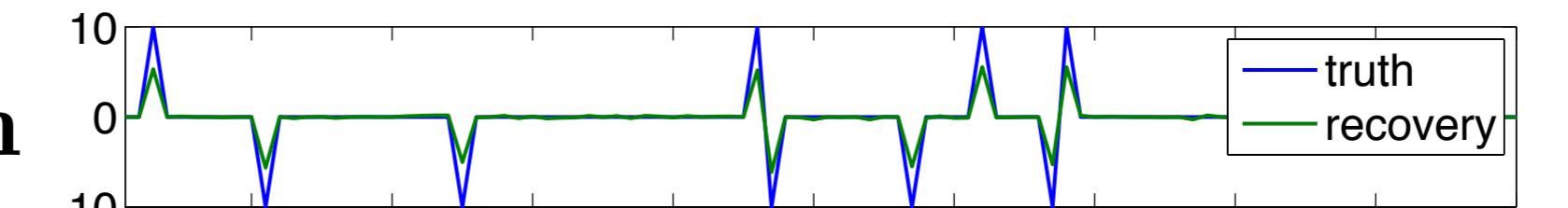


$\delta \rho$

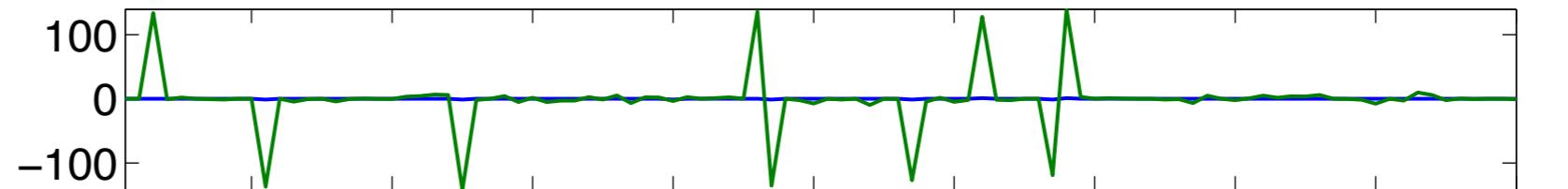


$p = 1$

δm

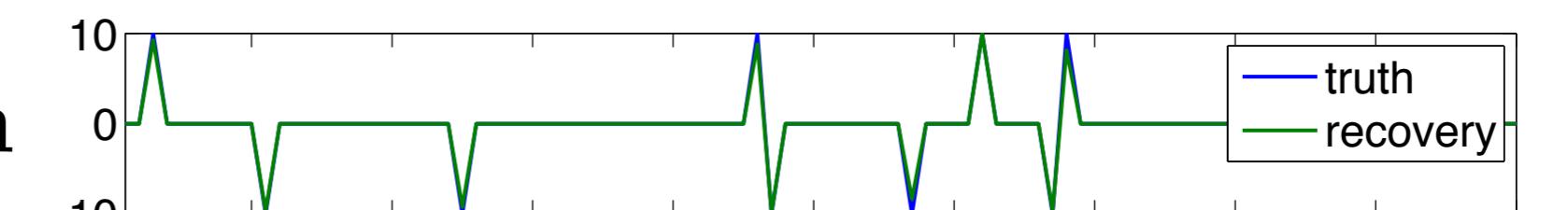


$\delta \rho$

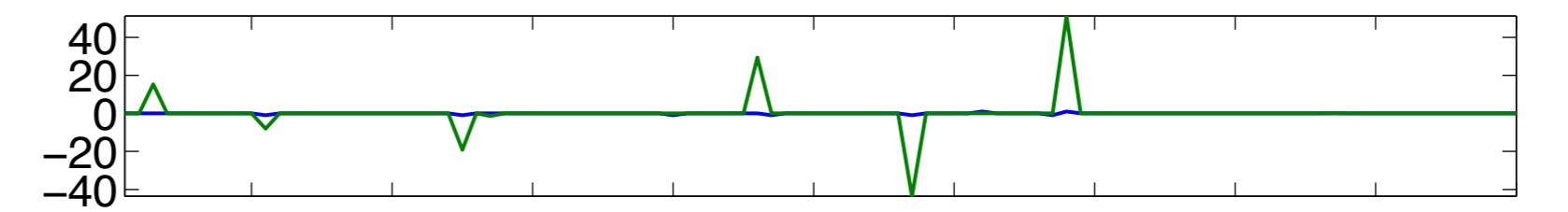


$p = 1, 2$

δm



$\delta \rho$

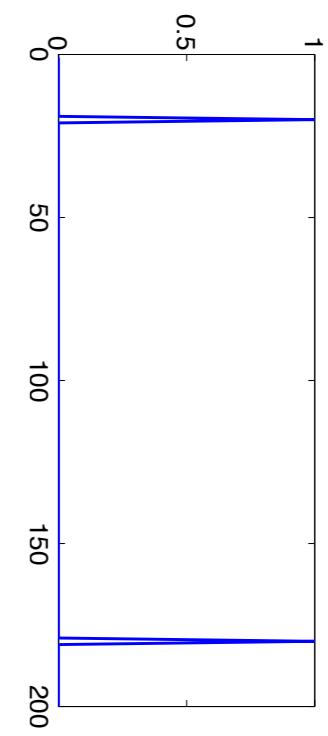
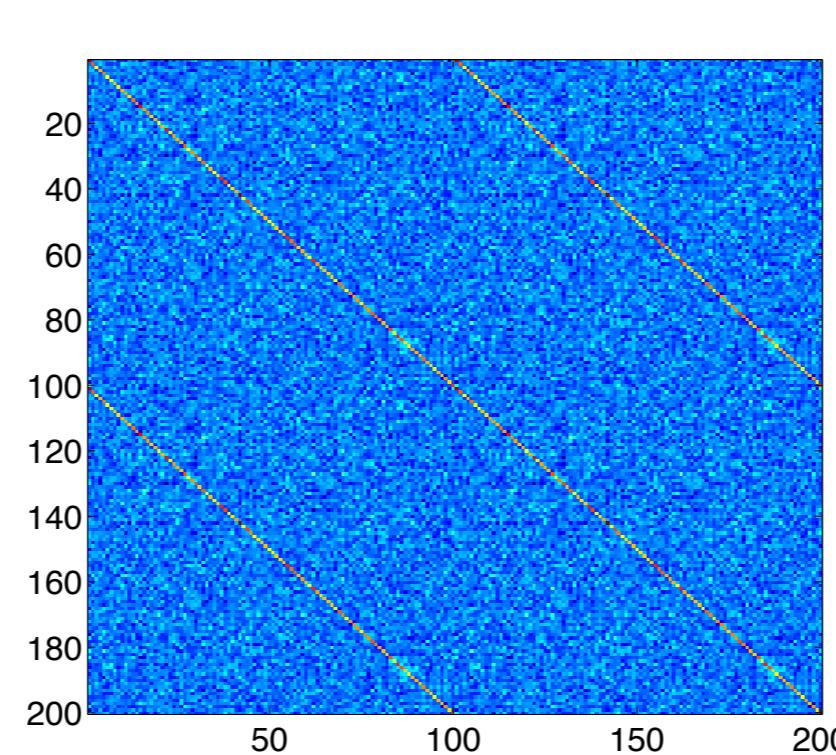
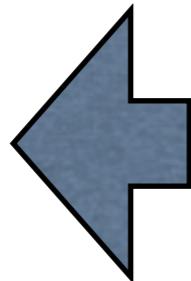
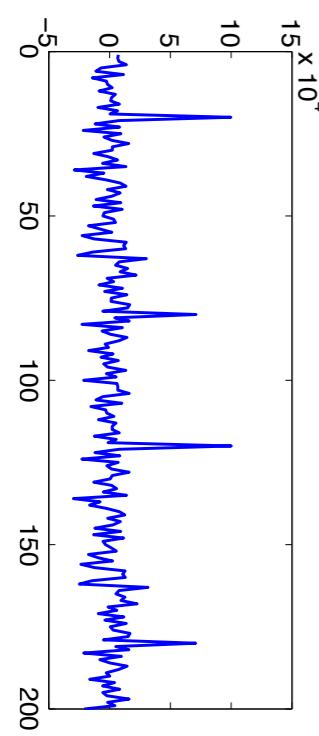


Scaled method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_m \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Scaled Hessian: \mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

$$\mathcal{H}_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_m \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha \mathcal{J}_m^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \\ \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_m & \alpha^2 \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \end{bmatrix}$$



Preconditioned method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

\mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

Preconditioned method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

\mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

break the “coherence” of the two Jacobians by

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} - \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Preconditioned method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

\mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

break the “coherence” of the two Jacobians by

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} - \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

then, we scale the Hessian

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta} (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} - \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \quad \beta \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta} (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Preconditioned method

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma \quad \alpha = \frac{\|\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

\mathbf{x} is a random gaussian vector

break the “coherence” of the two Jacobians by

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} - \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \quad \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

then, we scale the Hessian

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta} (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} - \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \quad \beta \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta} (\frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta \mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

$$\beta = \frac{\|(\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} - \alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}) \mathbf{x}\|_2}{\|\alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \mathbf{x}\|_2}$$

Improved “*incoherence*”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Improved “*incoherence*”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

Improved “*incoherence*”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\boldsymbol{\rho} + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

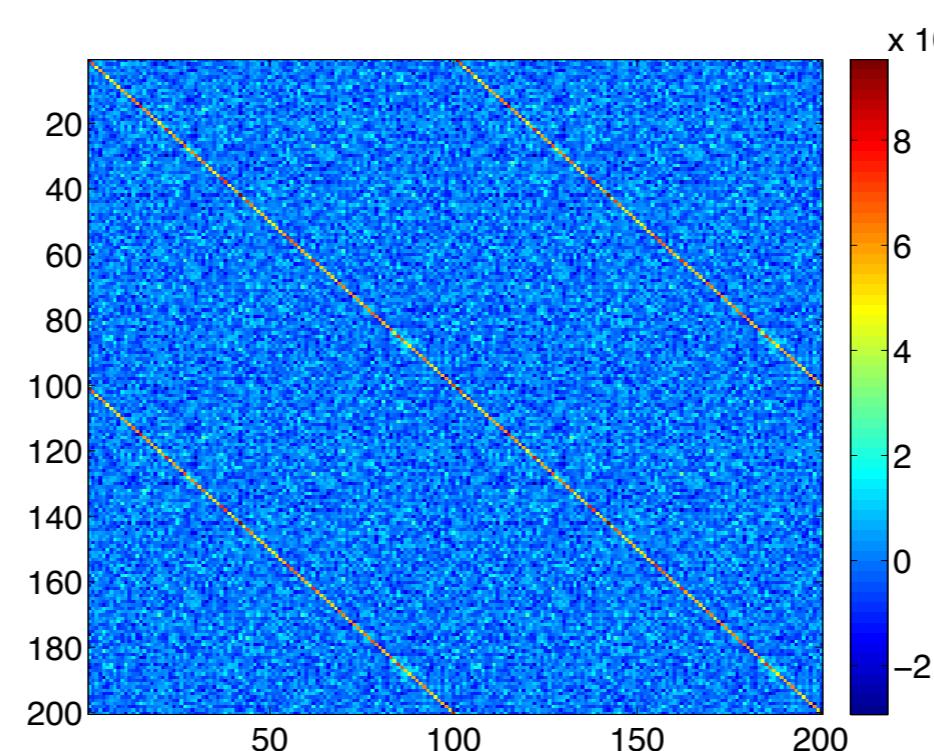
$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}}^T - \alpha\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \\ \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}]$$

Improved “incoherence”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m}^T - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \\ \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho]$$

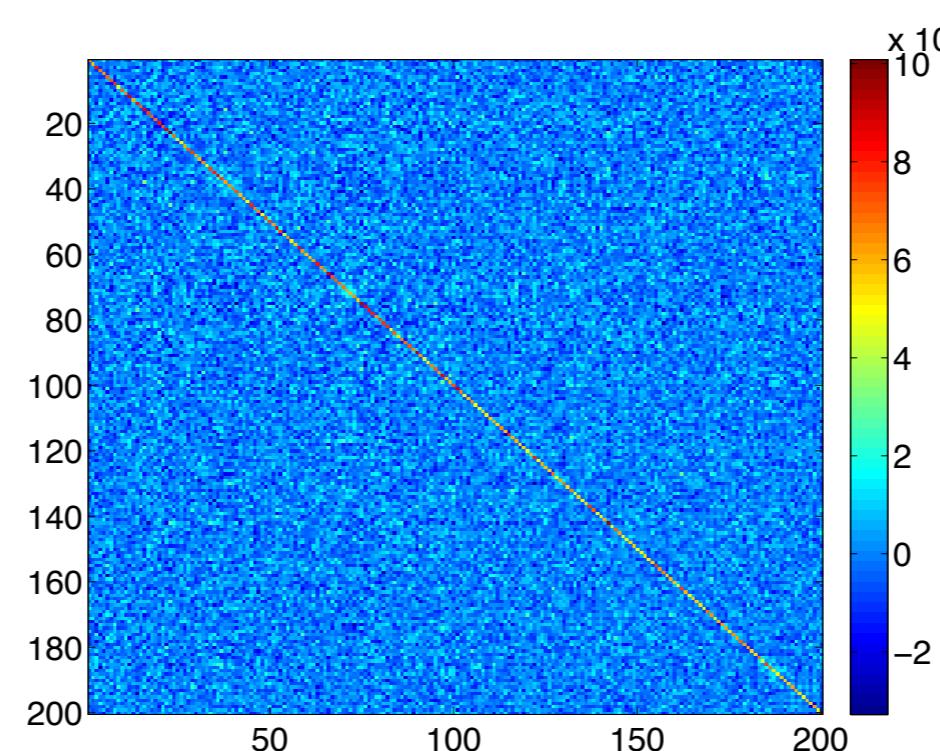


Improved “incoherence”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m}^T - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \\ \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho]$$

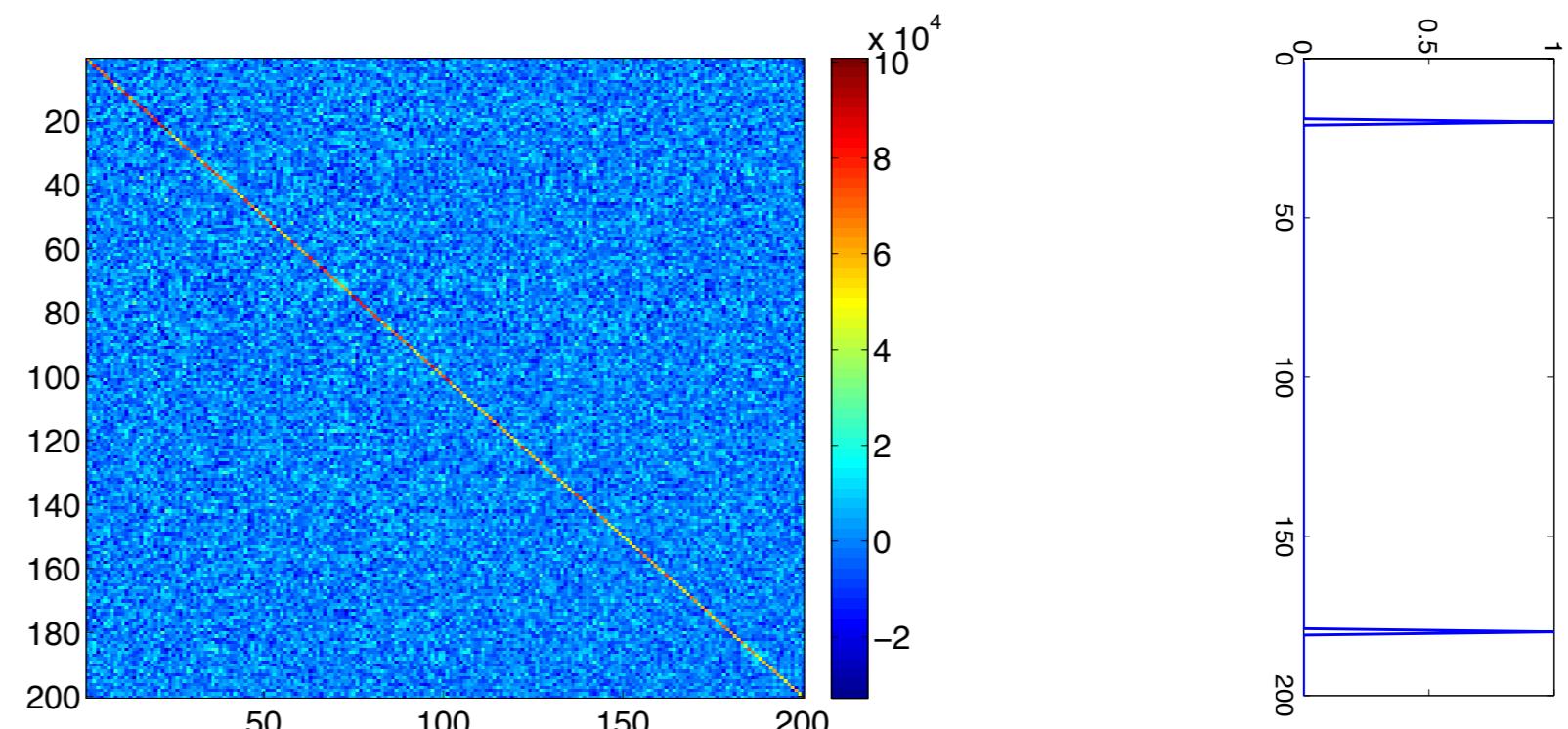


Improved “incoherence”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m}^T - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \\ \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho]$$

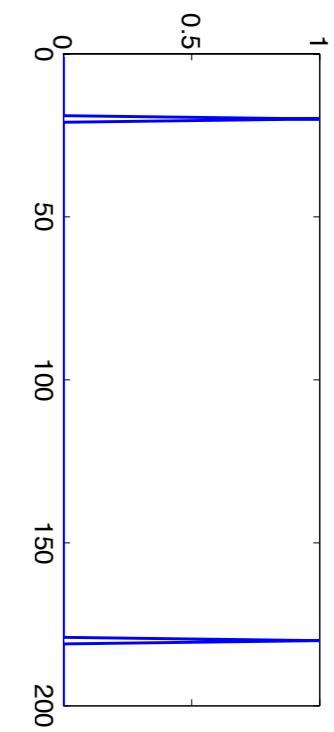
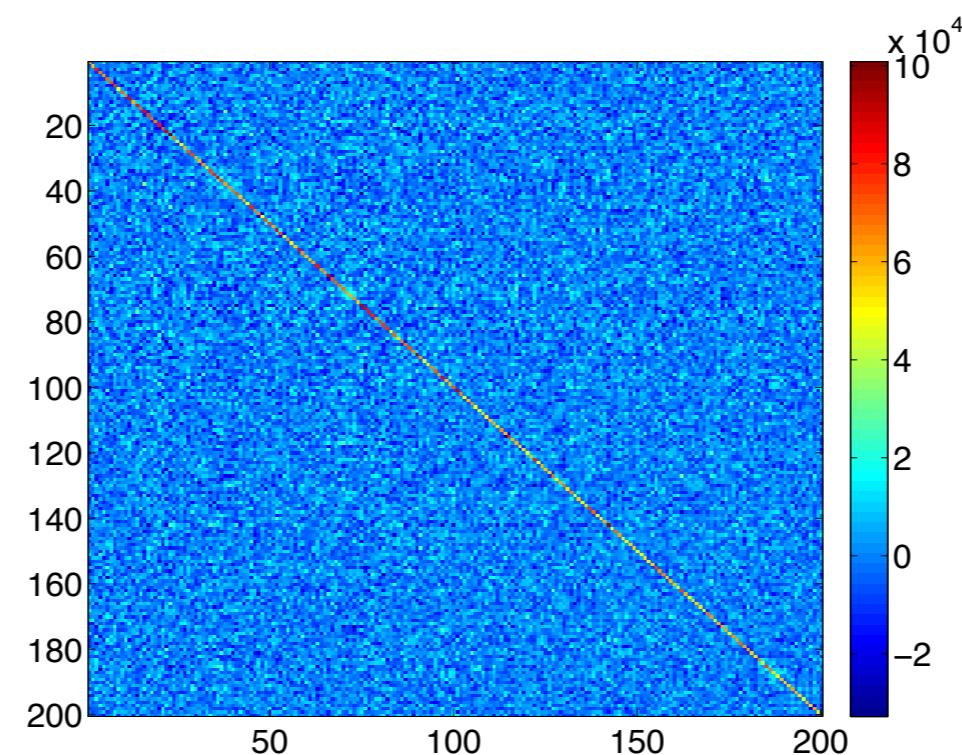
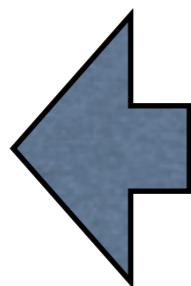


Improved “incoherence”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m}^T - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \\ \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho]$$

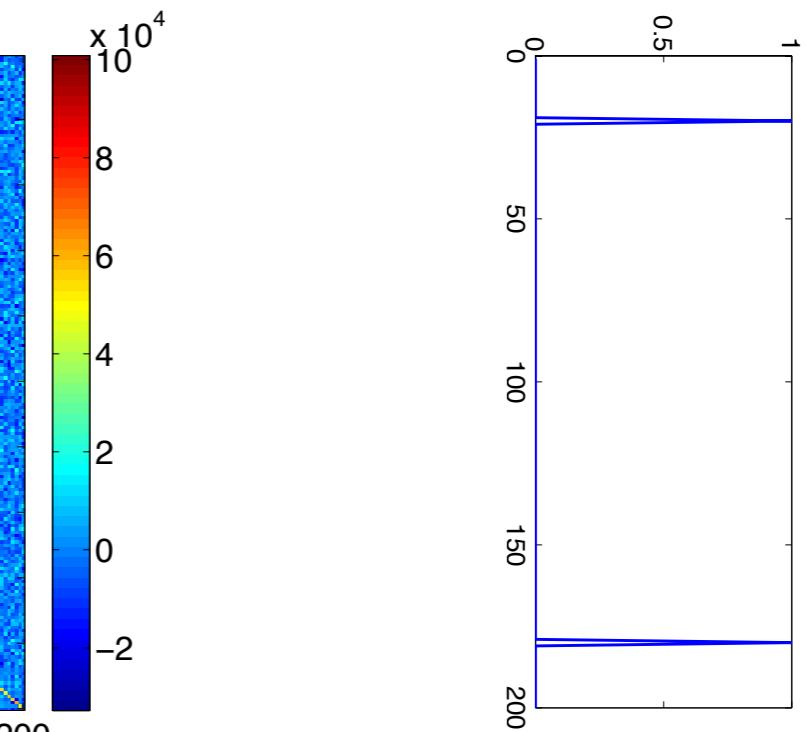
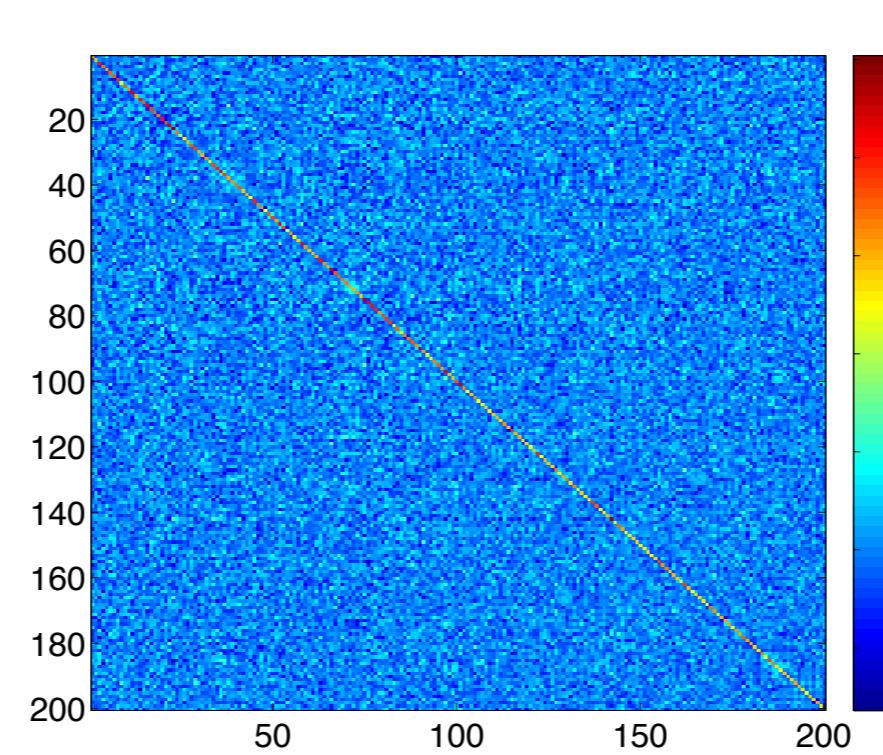
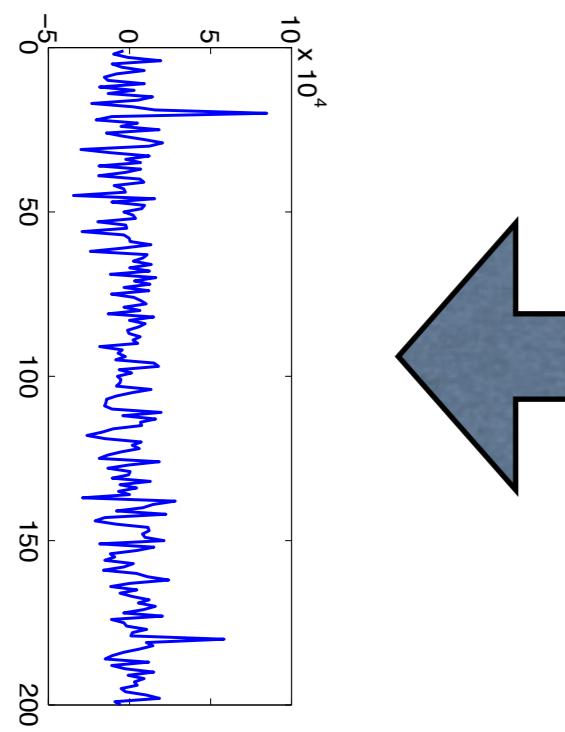


Improved “incoherence”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

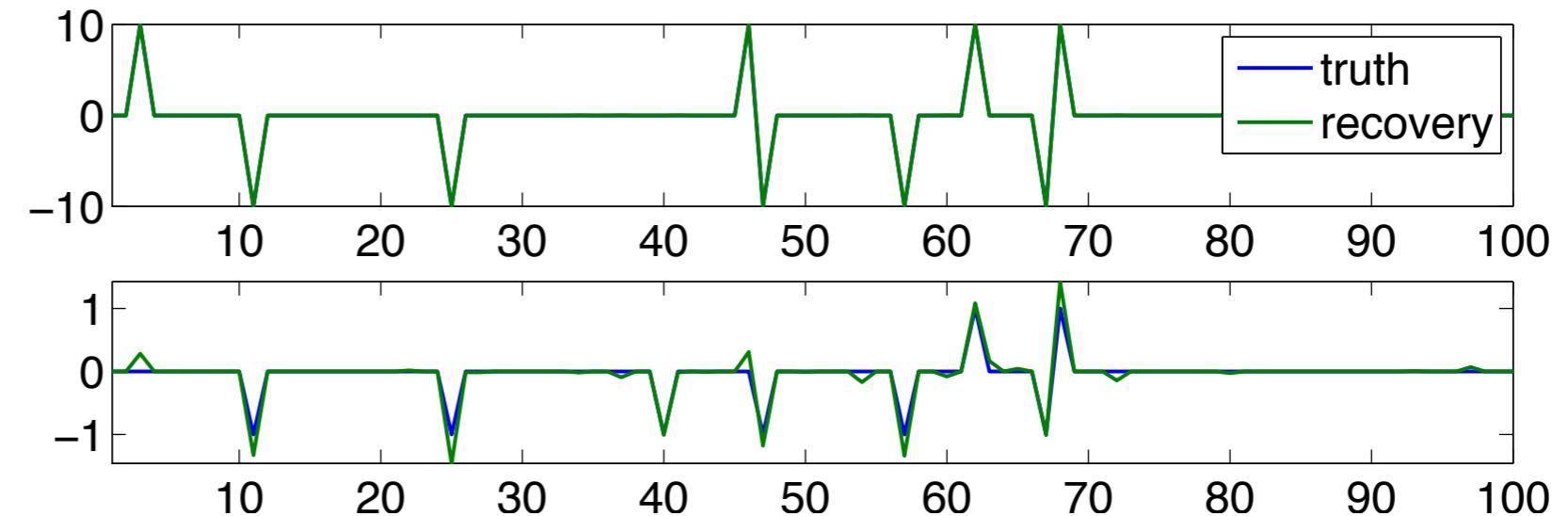
Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m}^T - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \\ \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}_\rho]$$

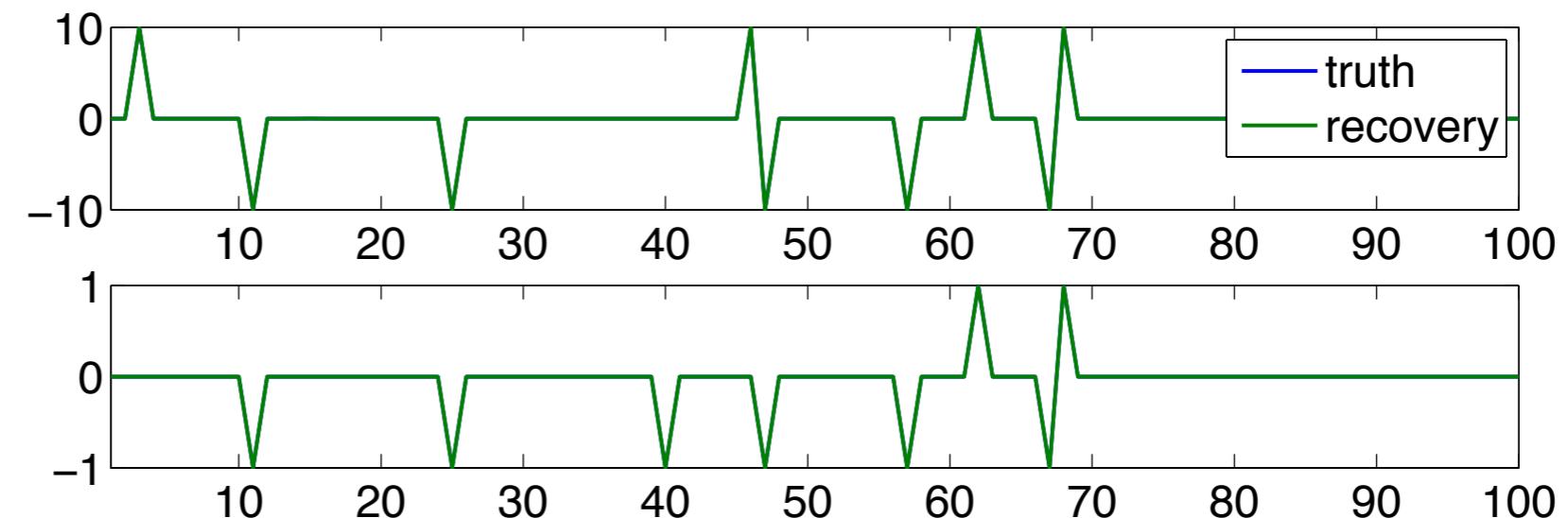


Improved “incoherence”

$p = 1$



$p = 1, 2$

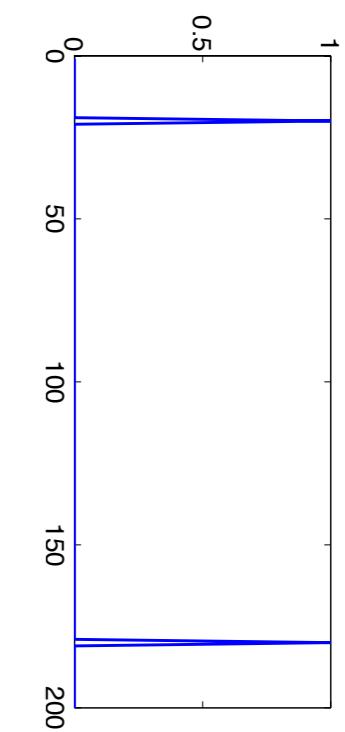
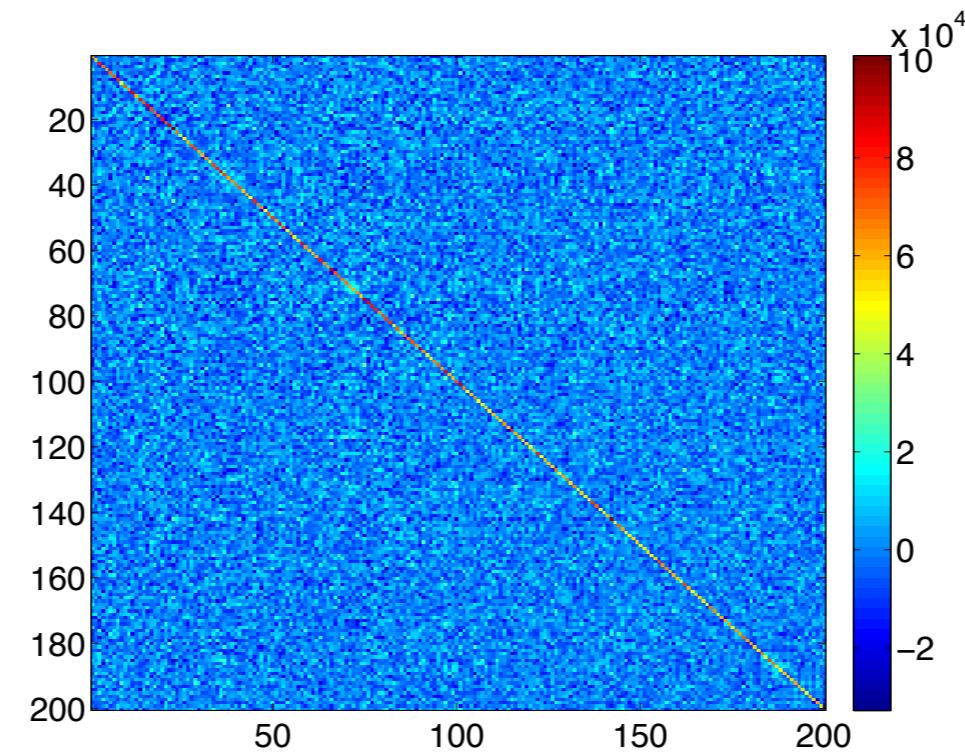
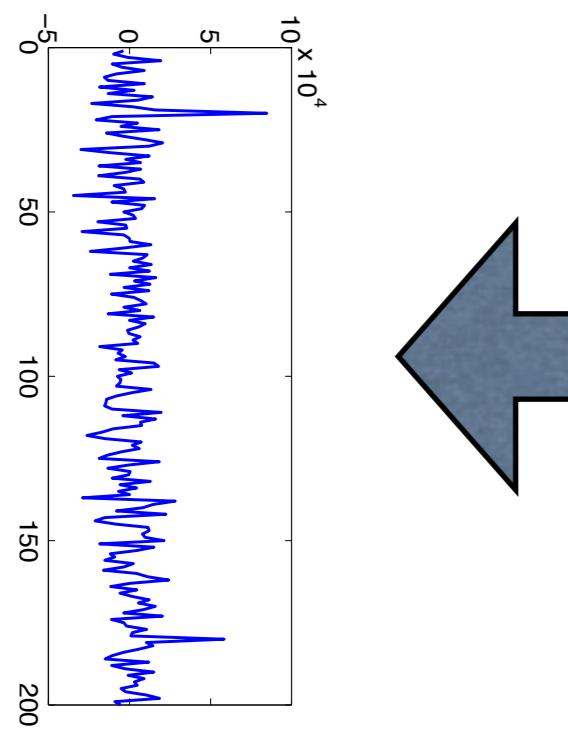


Improved “incoherence”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta\mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}\rho] \begin{bmatrix} \delta\mathbf{m} \\ \frac{1}{\beta}(\frac{1}{\alpha}\delta\rho + \delta\mathbf{m}) \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}\mathbf{m}^T - \alpha\mathcal{J}\rho^T \\ \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}\rho^T \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}\mathbf{m} - \alpha\mathcal{J}\rho \quad \beta\alpha\mathcal{J}\rho]$$

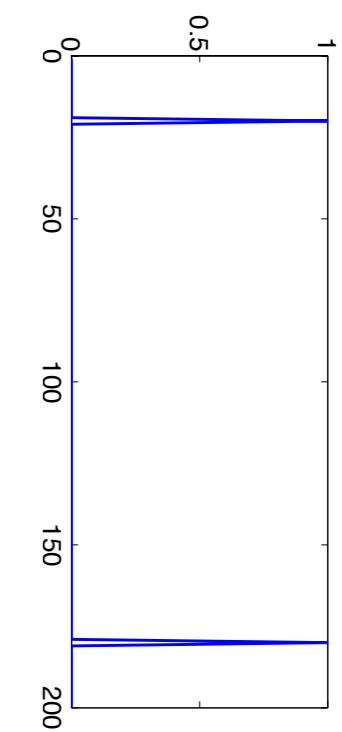
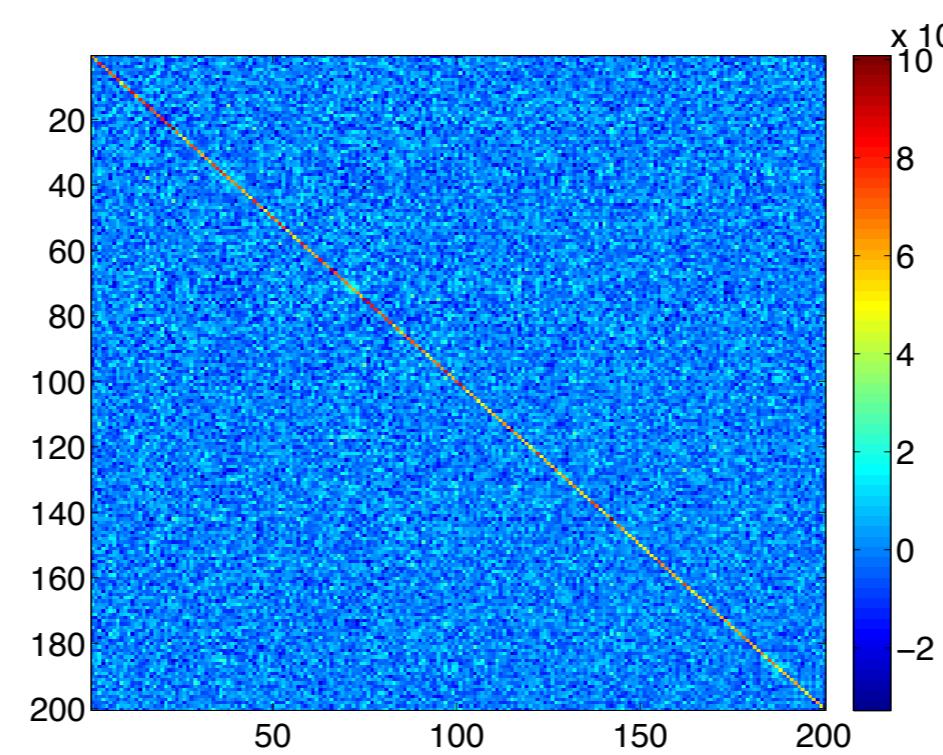
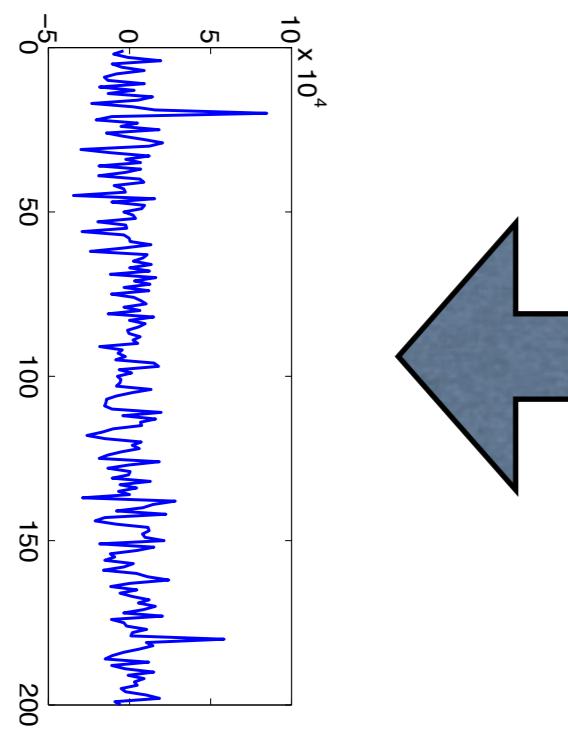


Improved “incoherence”

$$\min \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} + \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \\ \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_p \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \left\| \delta \mathbf{D} - [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \beta(\alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} - \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}})] \begin{bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{m} + \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \\ \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{1}{\alpha} \delta \boldsymbol{\rho} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \leq \sigma$$

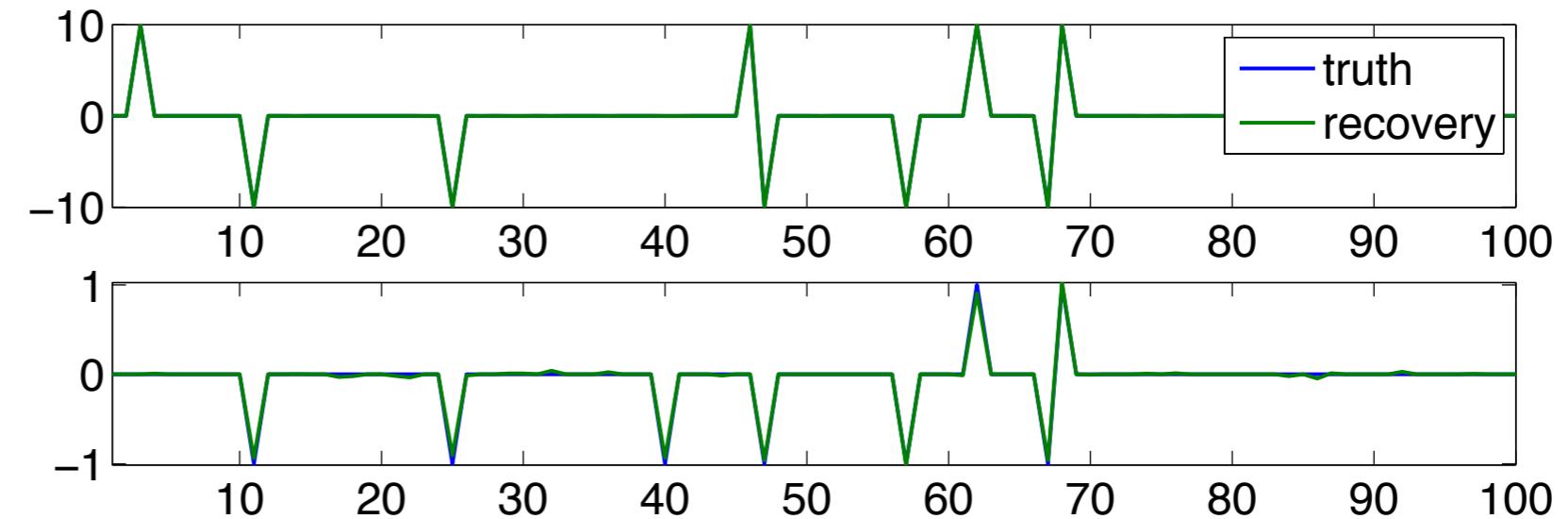
Hessian:

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}}^T \\ \beta(\alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}}^T - \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}}^T) \end{bmatrix} [\mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}} \quad \beta(\alpha \mathcal{J}_{\boldsymbol{\rho}} - \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{m}})]$$

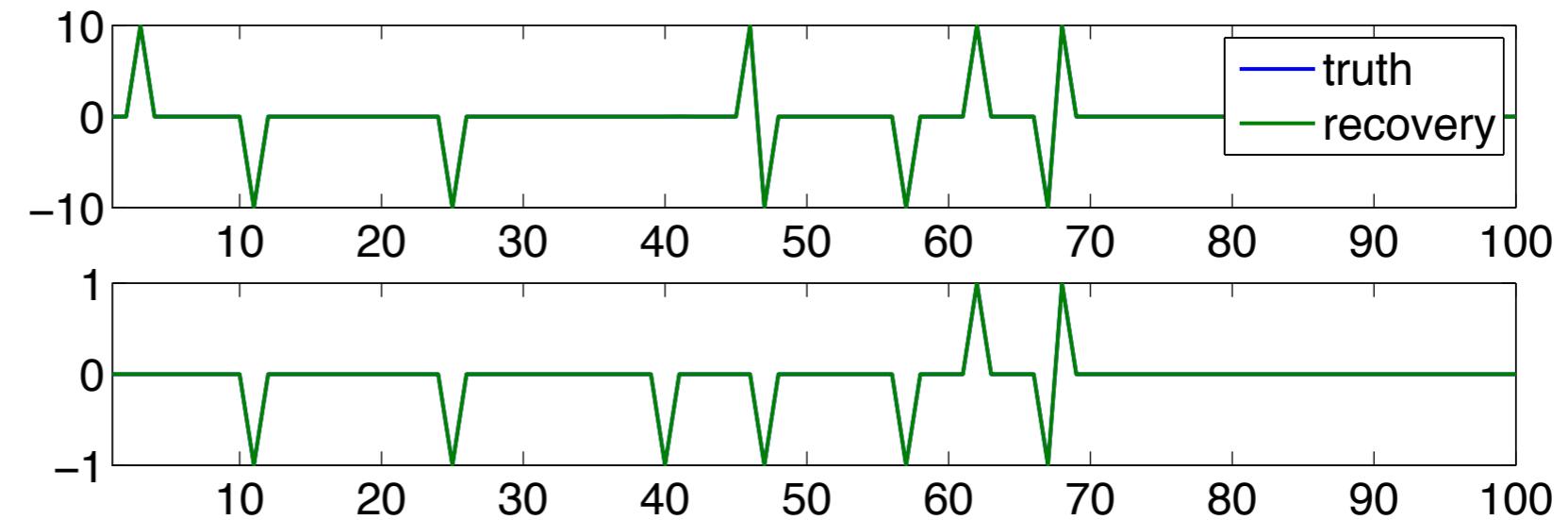


Improved “incoherence”

$p = 1$



$p = 1, 2$

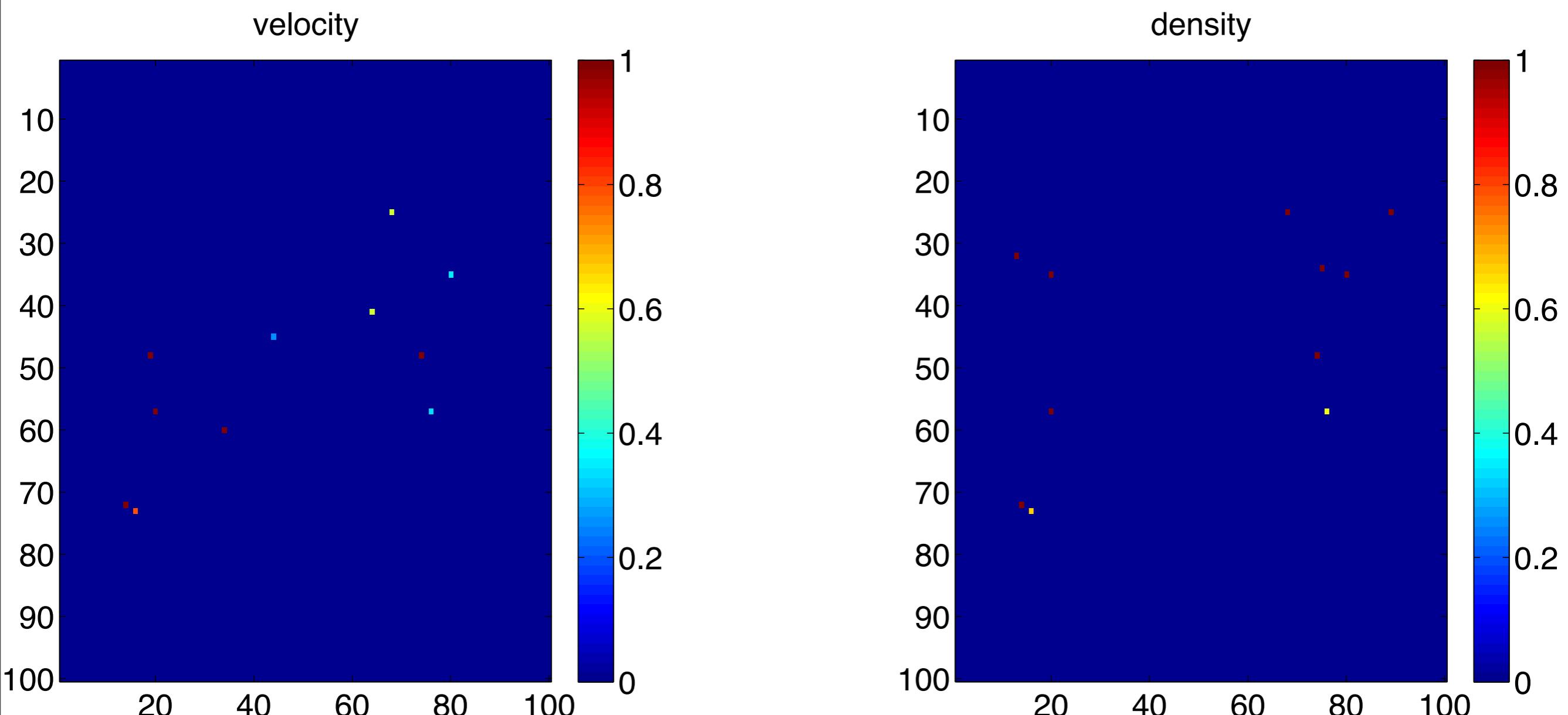


Examples

In this experiment, we use

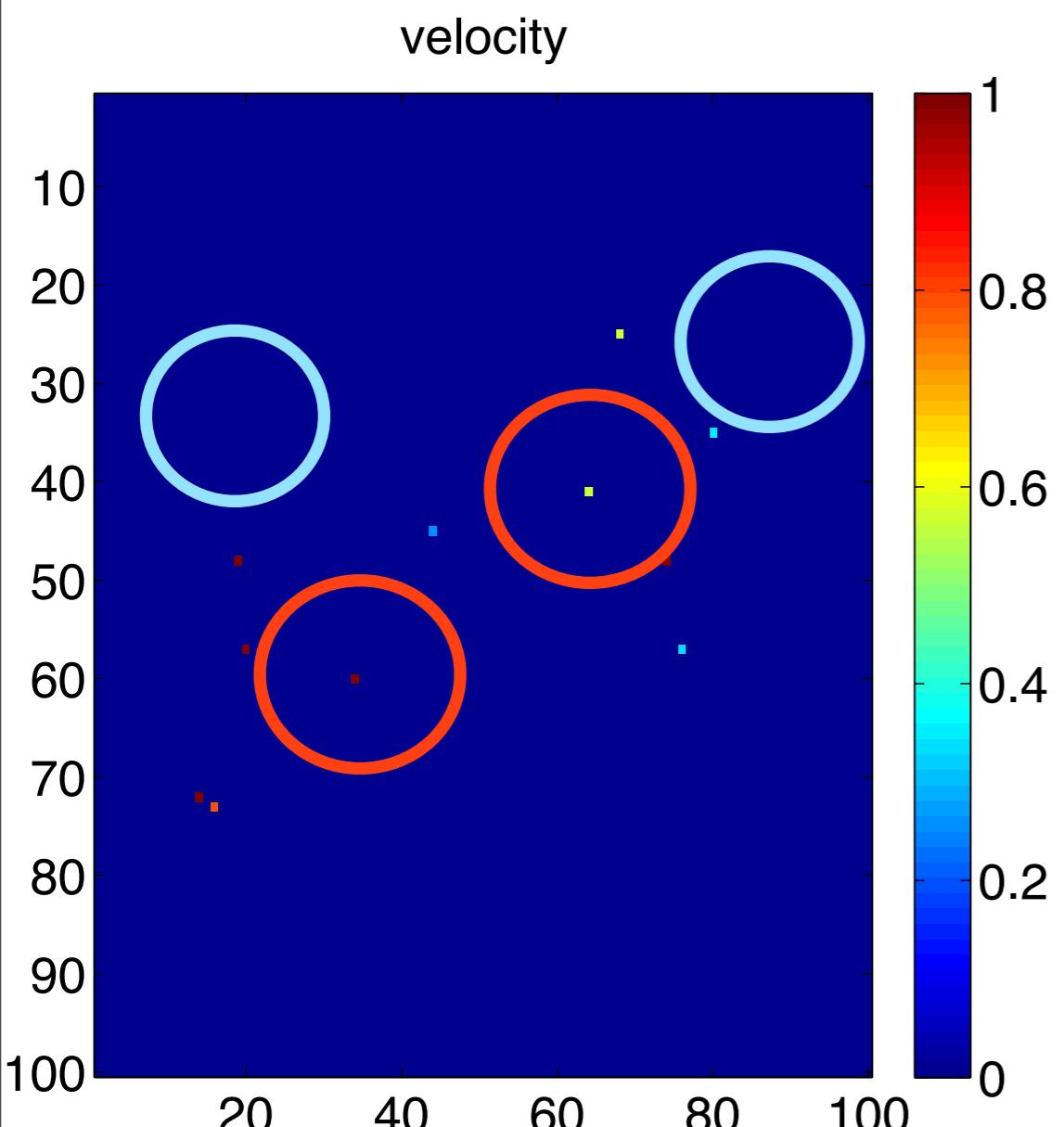
- wave-equation based Jacobians
- constant background model (100×100)
- linear observed data
- 90 shots and 90 receivers with 10m interval

True perturbation

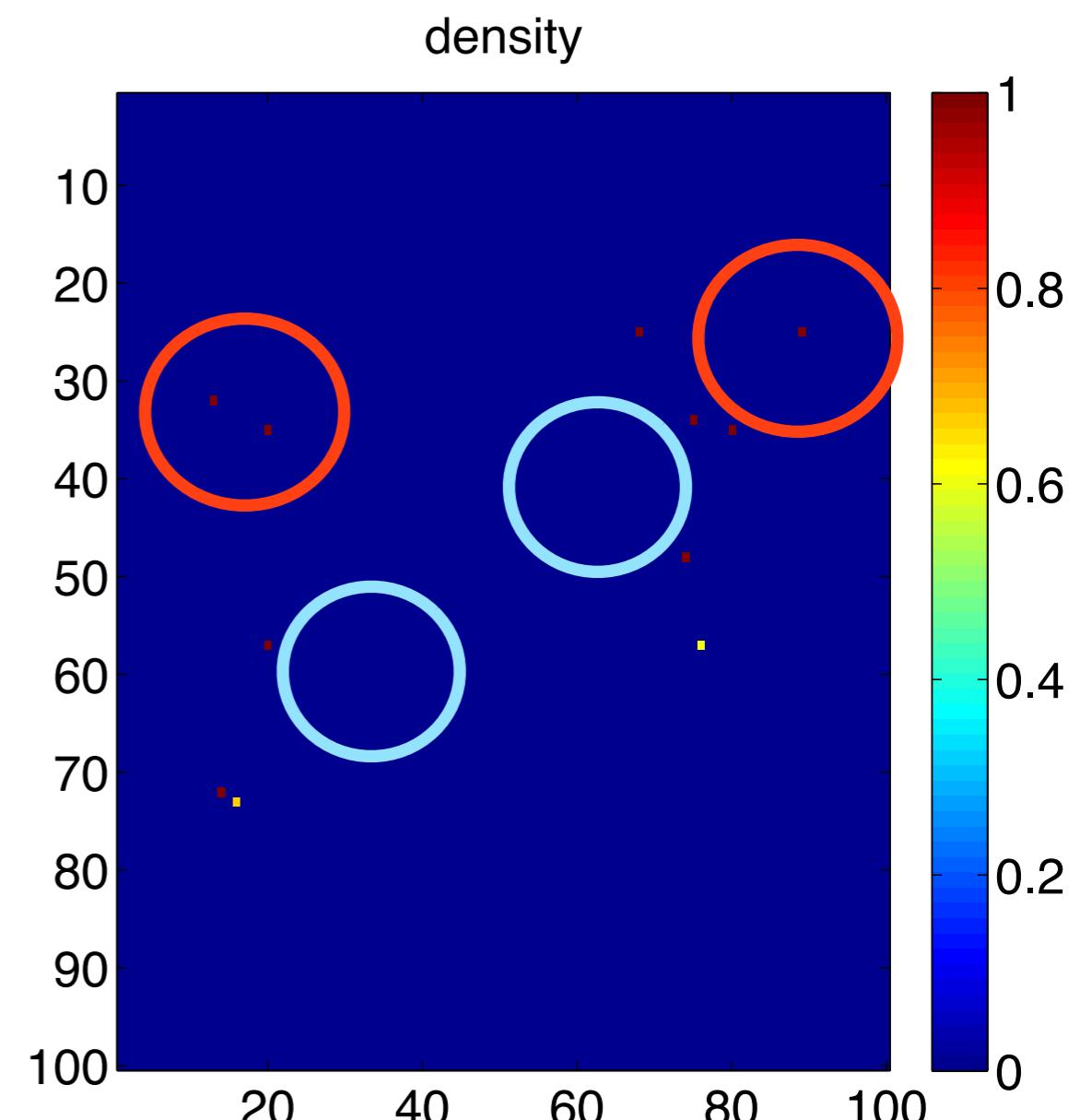


True perturbation

○ : with spot in it

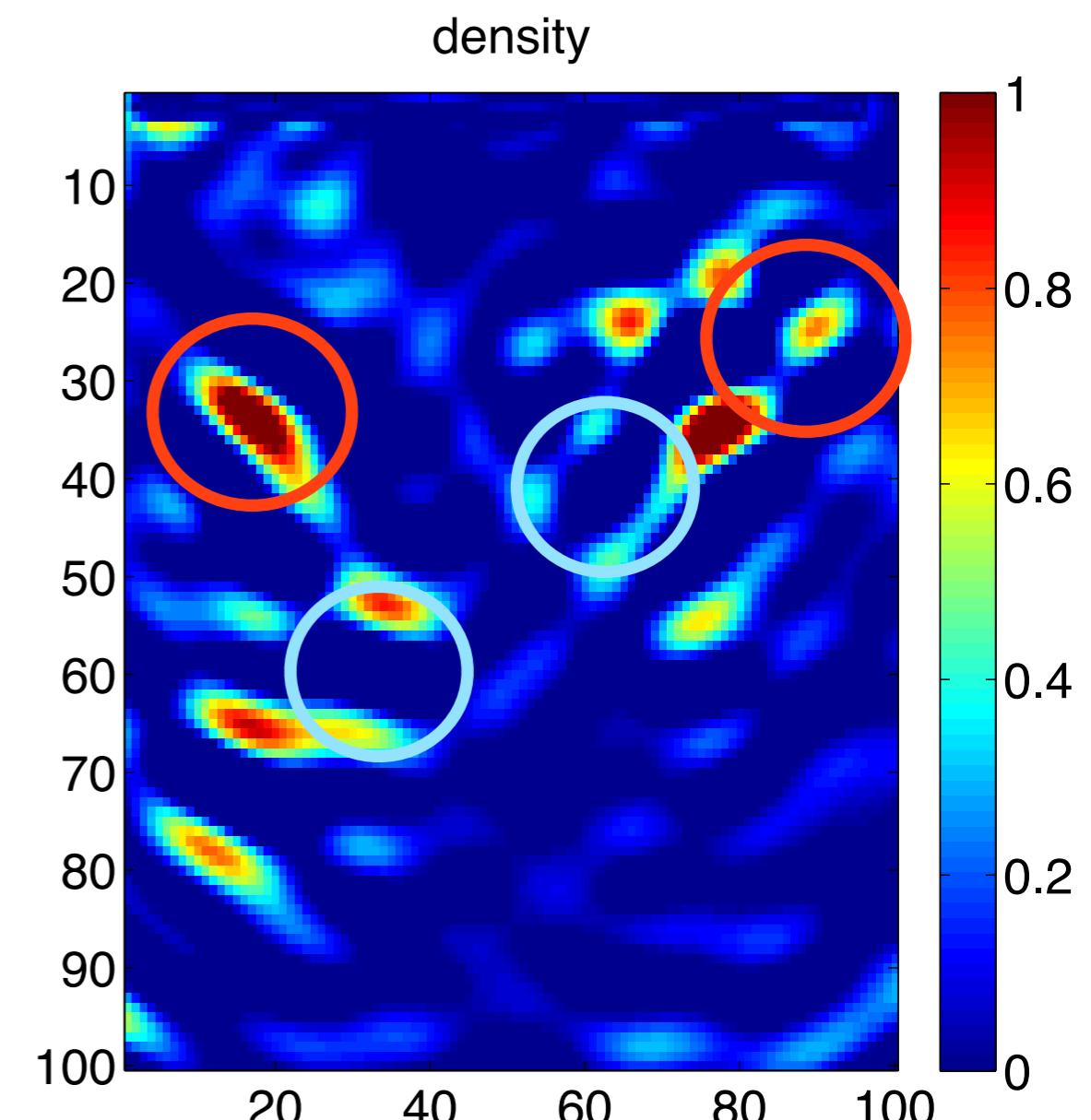
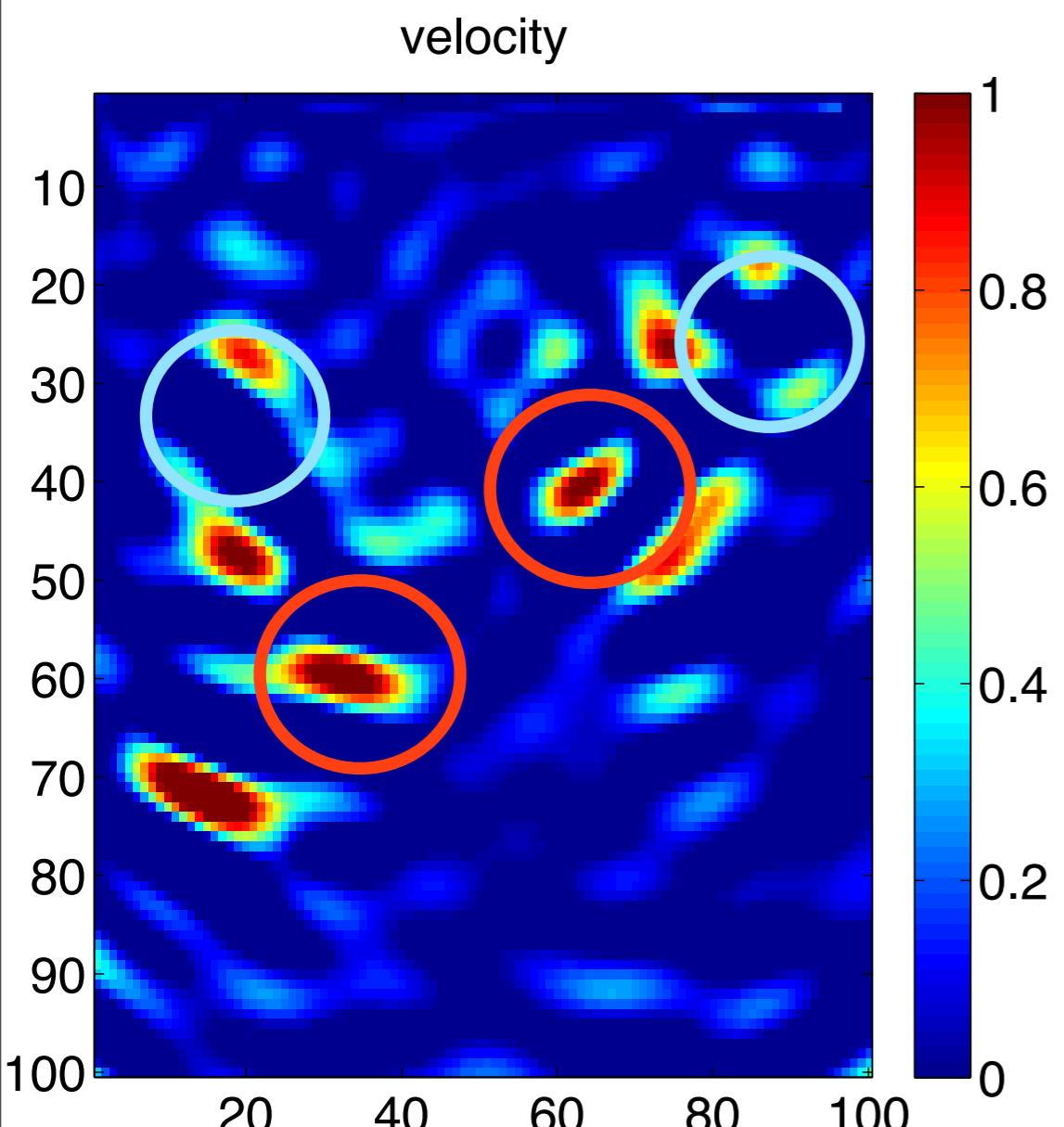


○ : empty



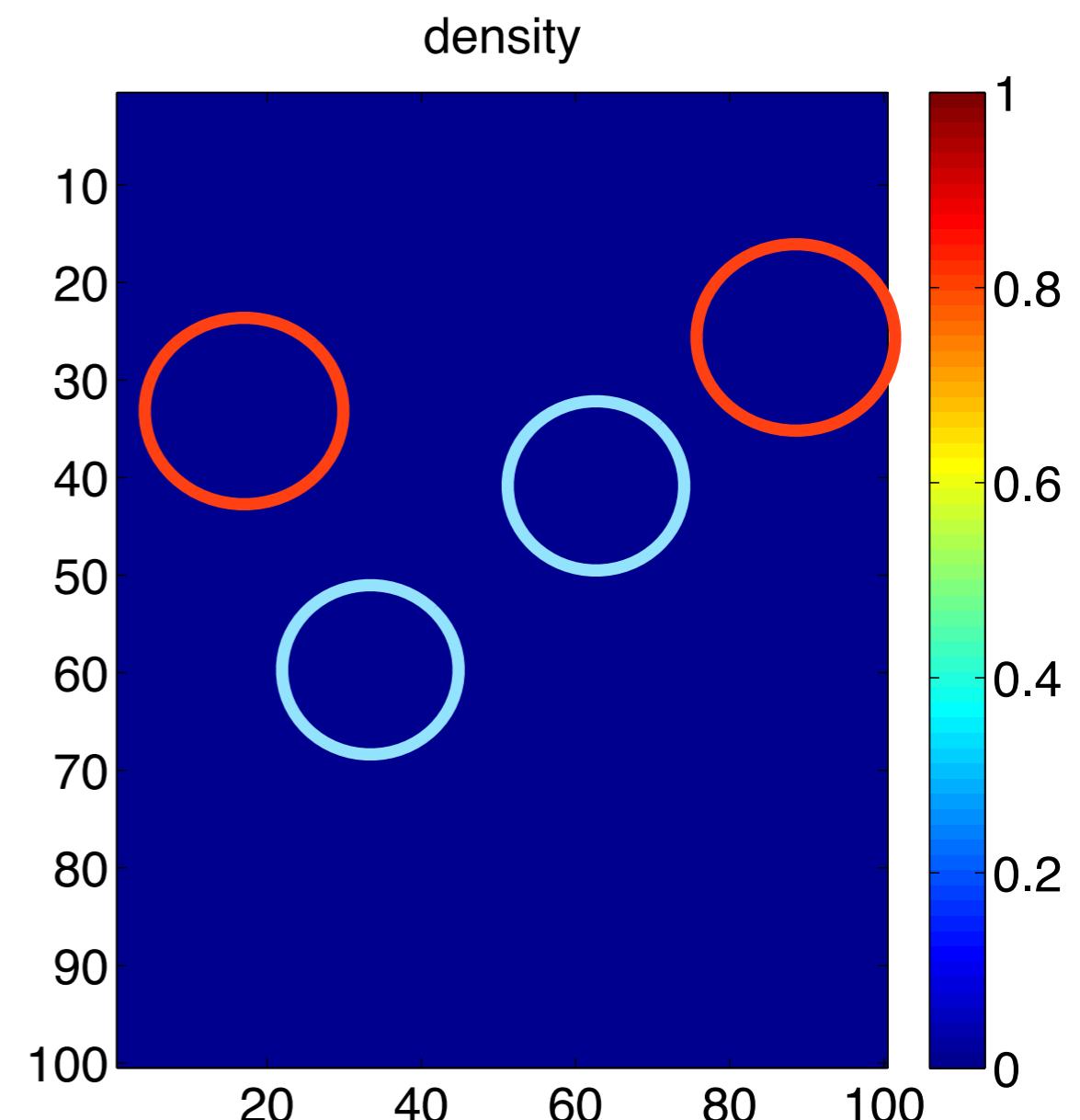
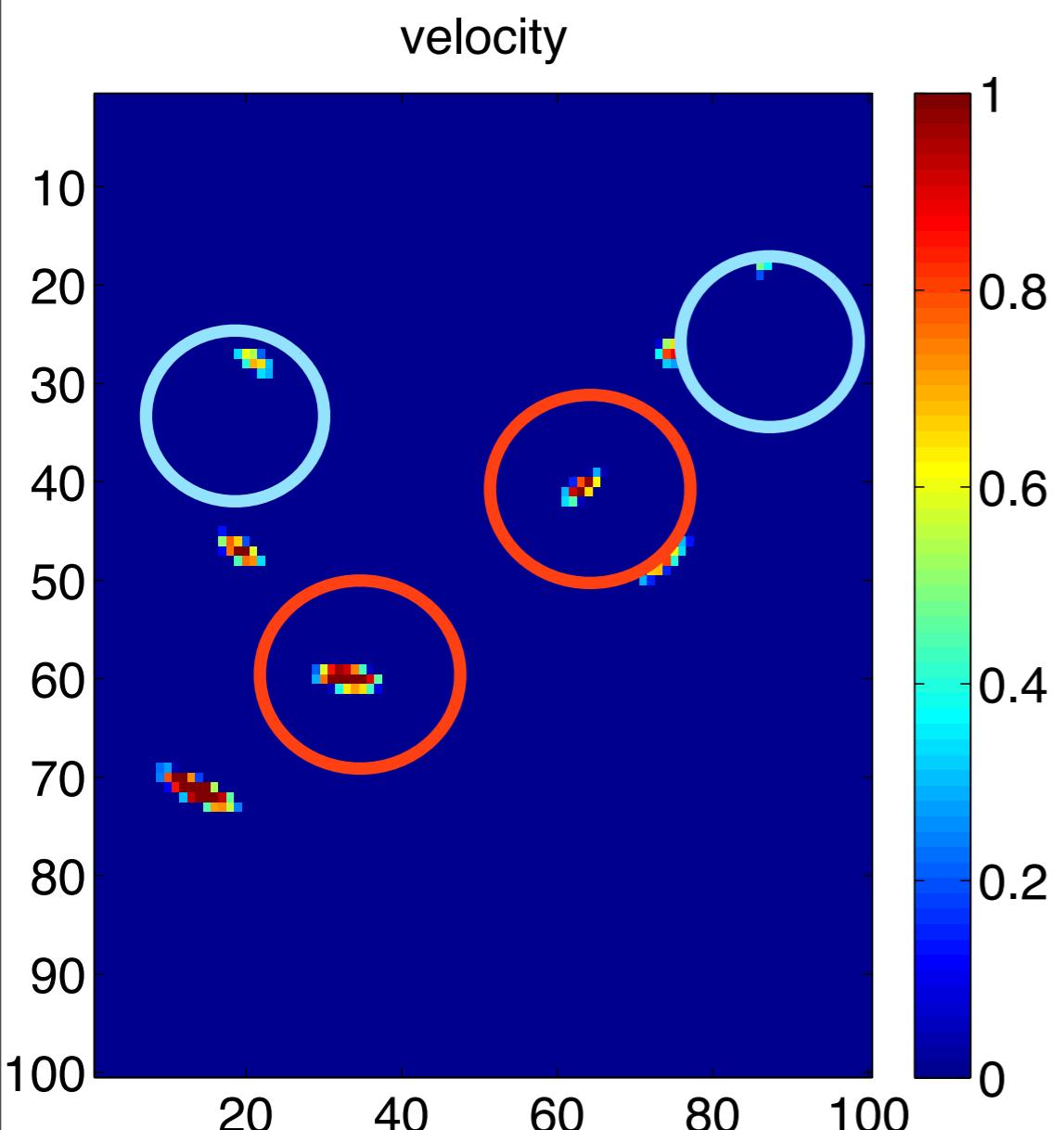
Inverted results

Conventional method without regularization (L2)



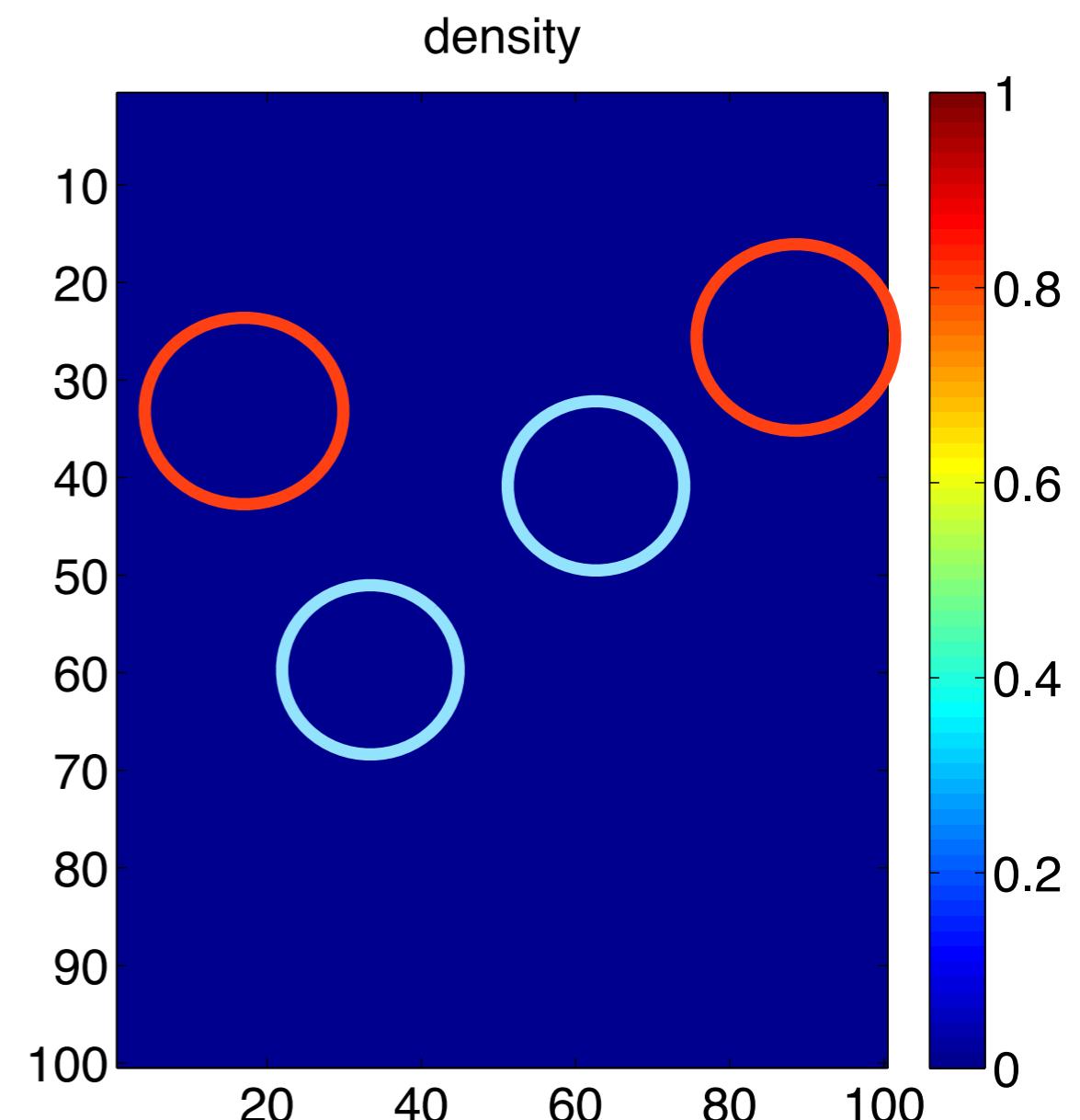
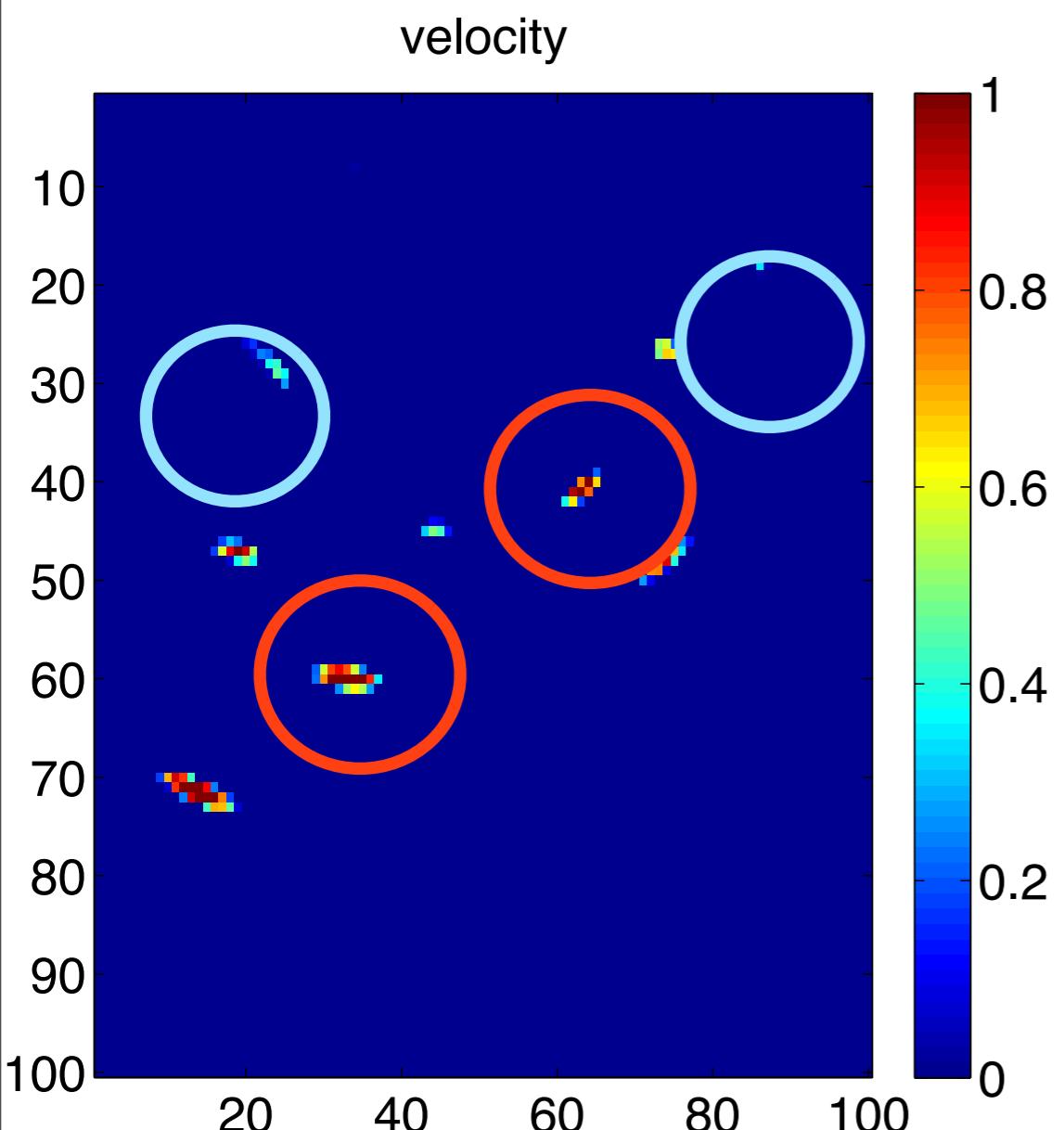
Inverted results

Conventional method with *sparsity regularization (L1)*



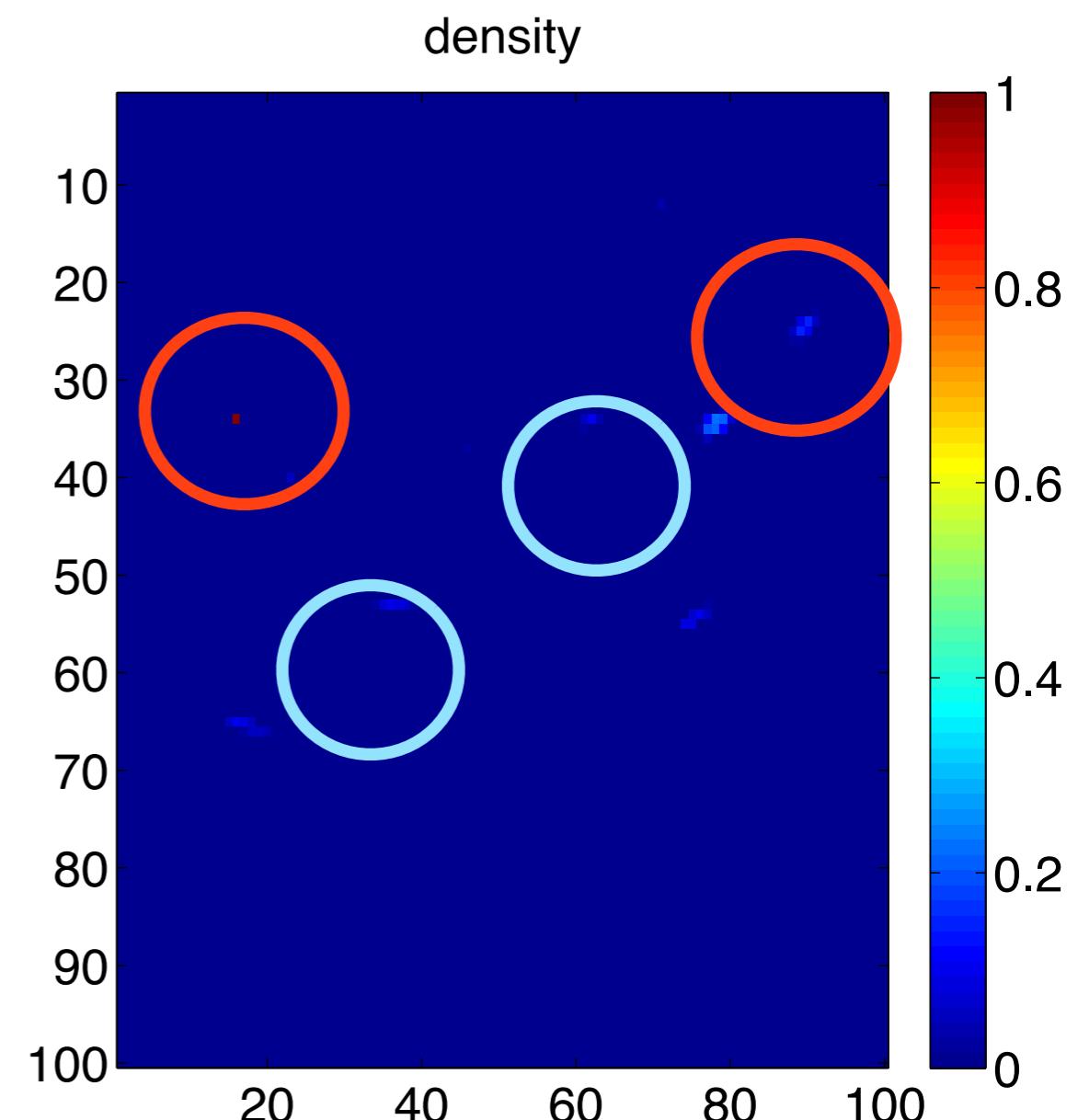
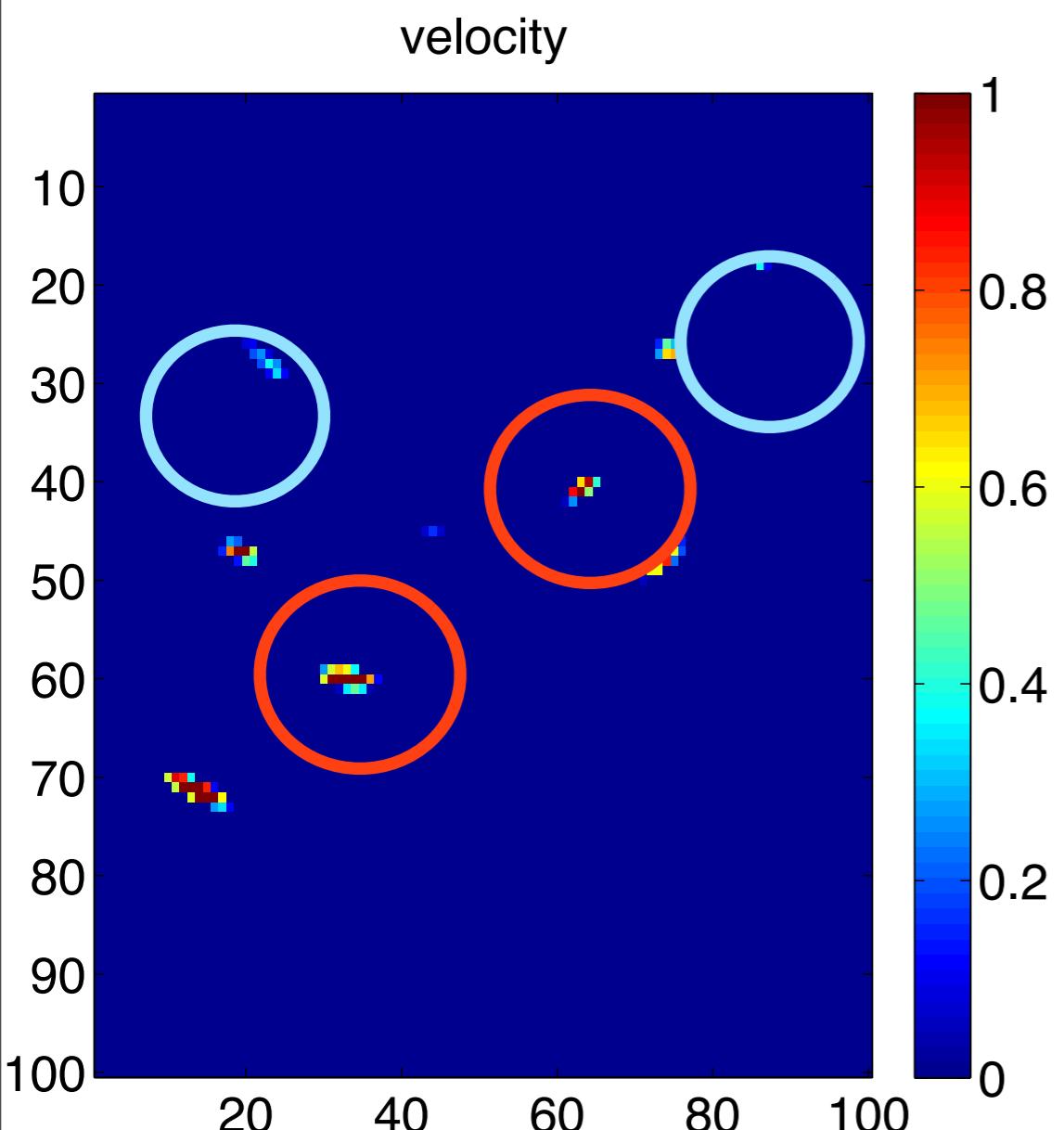
Inverted results

Scaled method with sparsity regularization



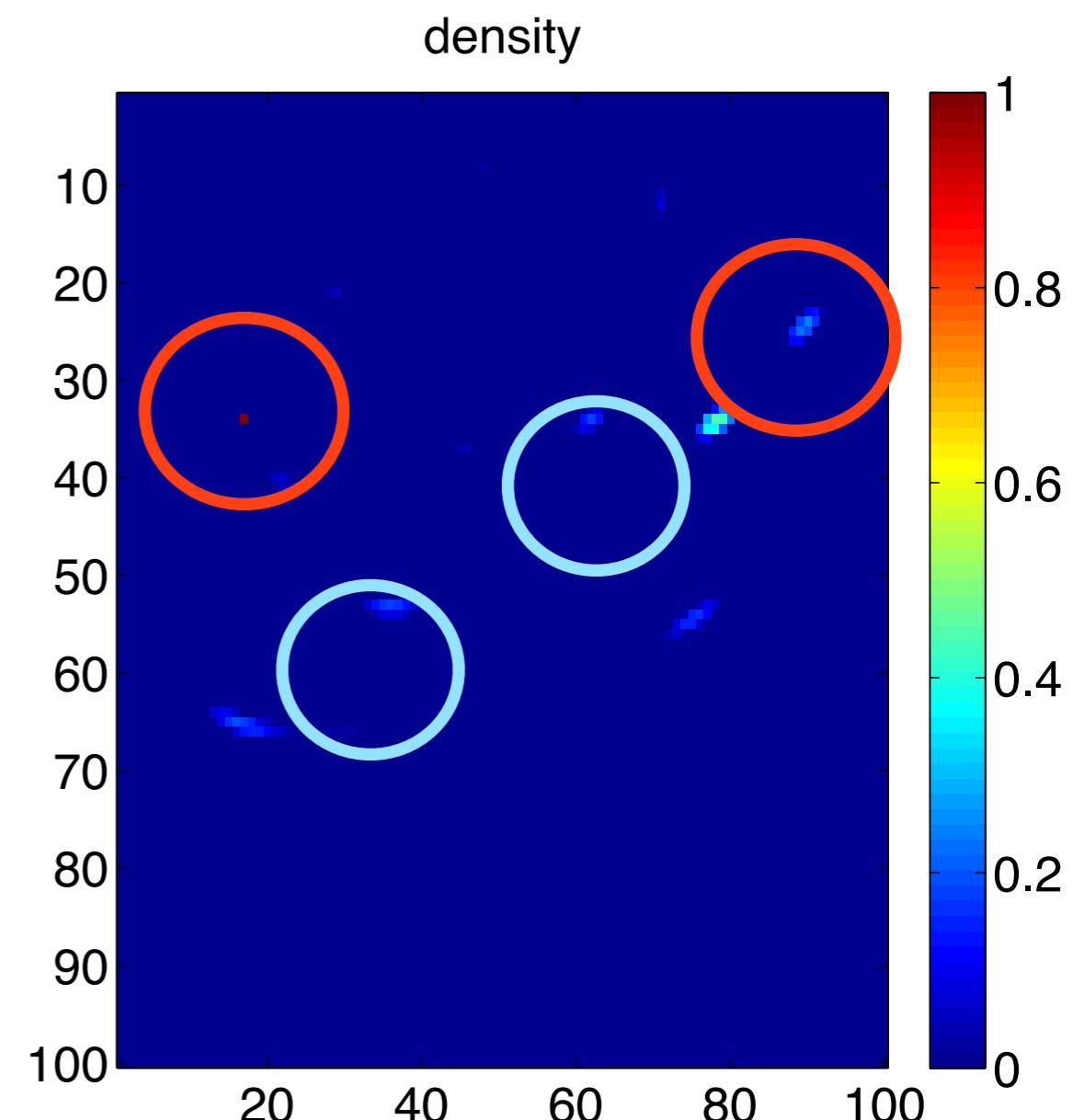
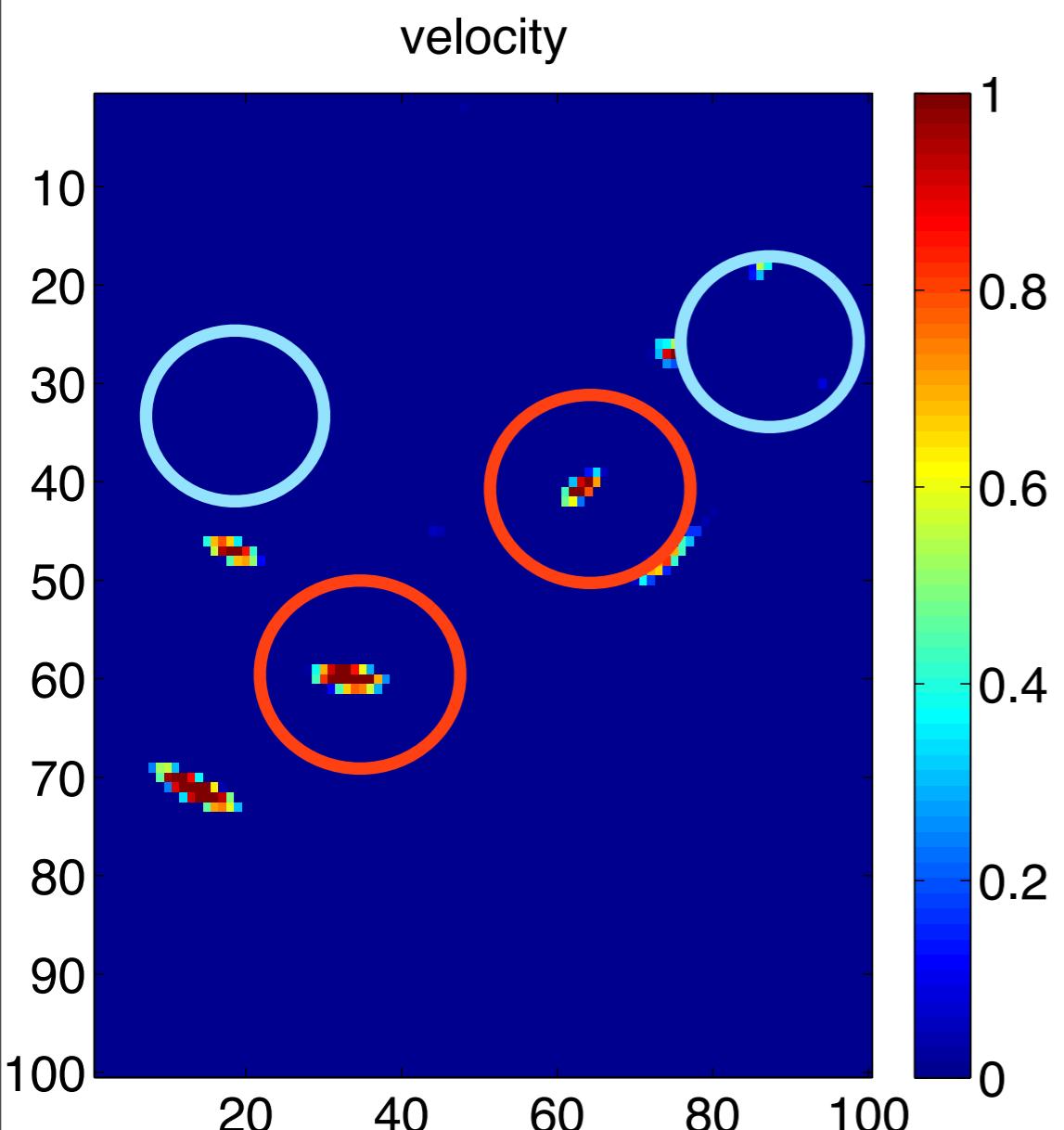
Inverted results

Scaled method with *joint-sparsity* regularization



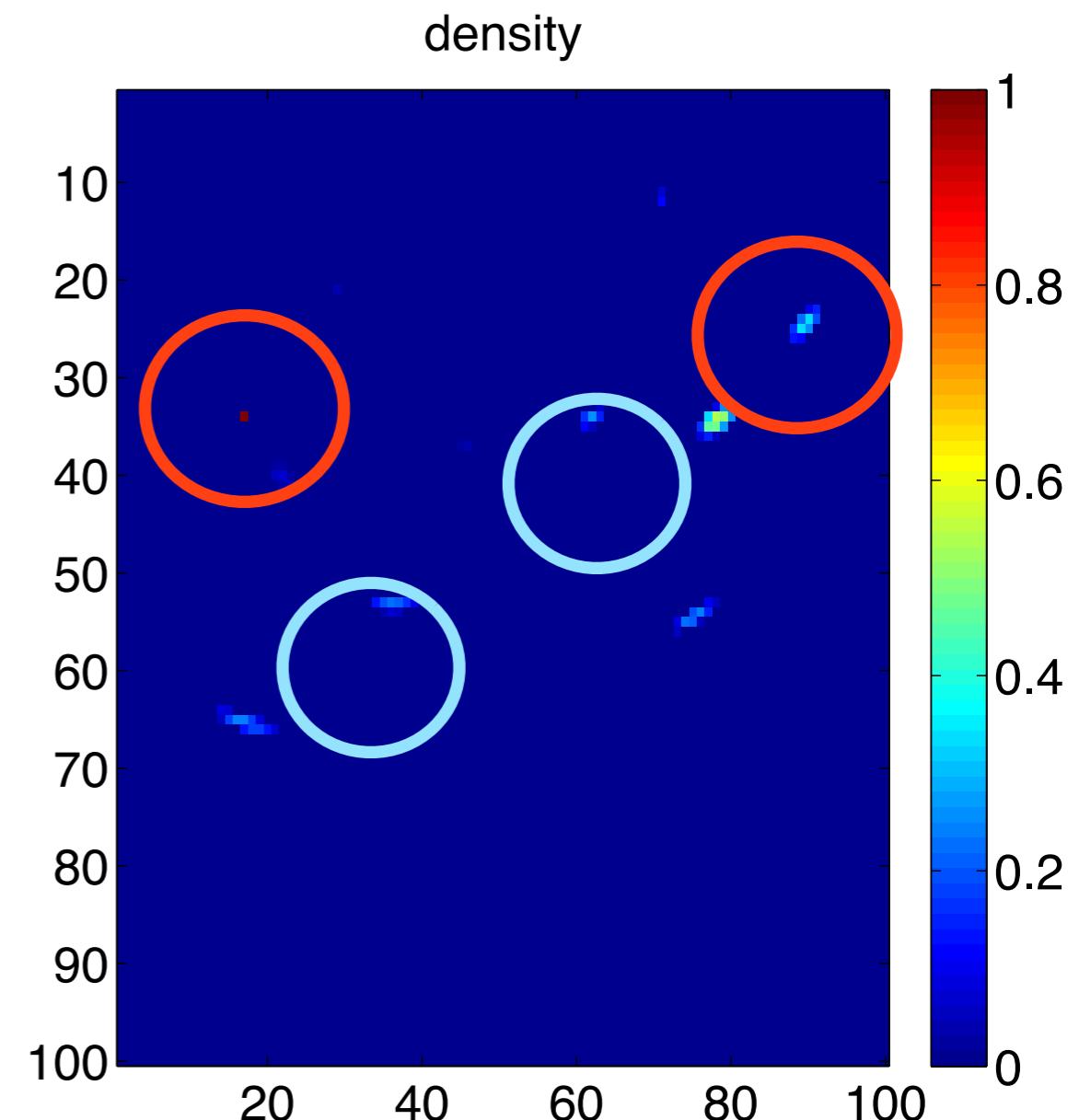
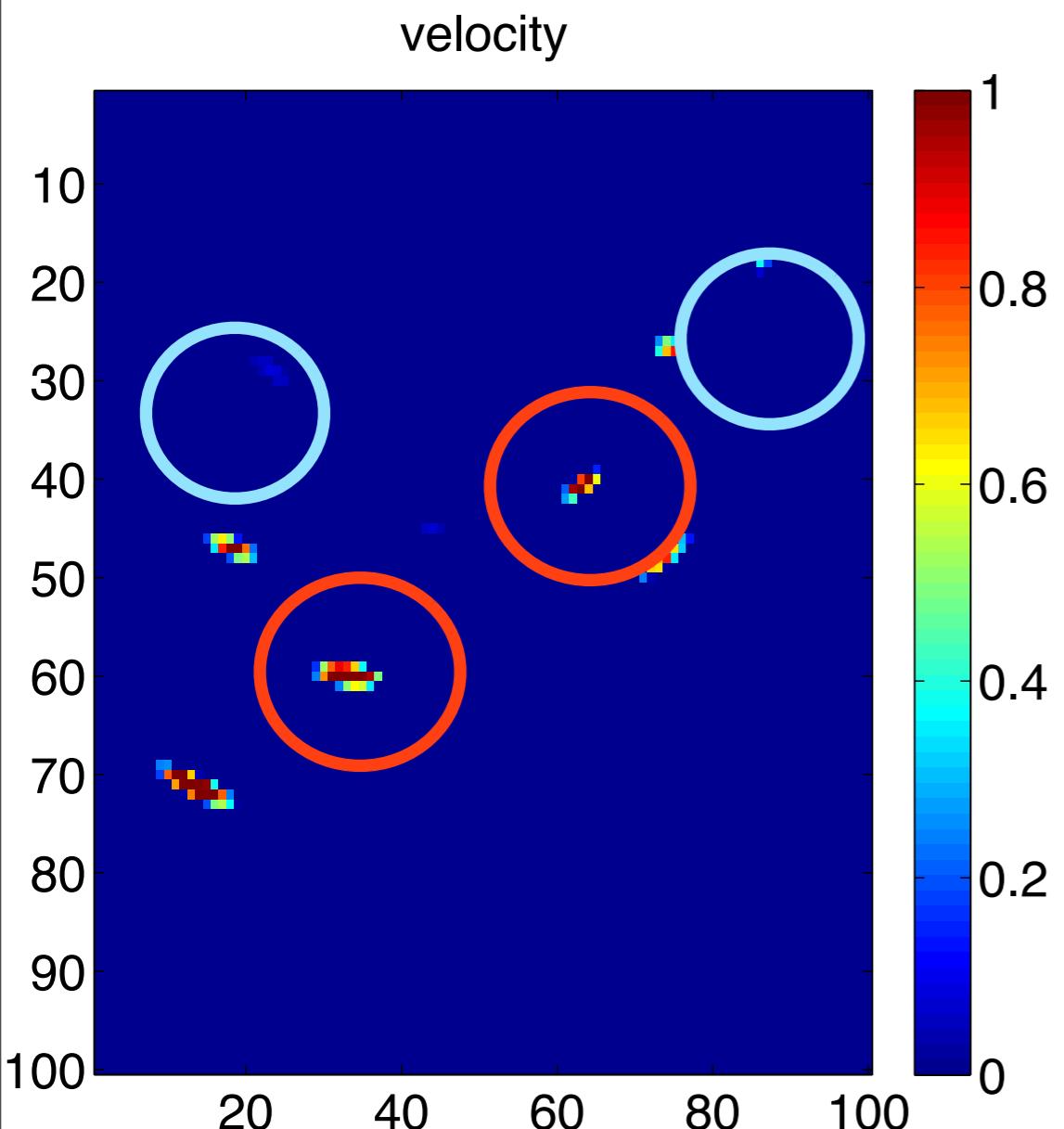
Inverted results

“Incoherence” enhanced method with *joint-sparsity* regularization



Inverted results

“Incoherence” enhanced method with sparsity regularization



Conclusion

- sparsity regularization can efficiently suppress artifacts
- simultaneously invert density and velocity is possible by diagonalizing Hessian
- joint sparsity can help improve the resolution when density and velocity share similar sparsity support

Acknowledgements

- All my colleagues



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Thank you

<https://www.slim.eos.ubc.ca>